

# **SUNNICA ENERGY FARM**

EN010106

Volume 6

6.2 Appendix 8C: Terrestrial habitats and flora report

APFP Regulation 5(2)(a)

Planning Act 2008

Infrastructure Planning (Applications: Prescribed Forms and Procedure) Regulations 2009



# Planning Act 2008

The Infrastructure Planning

(Applications: Prescribed Forms and

**Procedure) Regulations 2009** 

# **Sunnica Energy Farm**

Appendix 8C: Terrestrial habitat and flora report

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Sunnica Energy Farm Environmental Statement Appendix 8C: Terrestrial Habitats and Flora Report



# **Executive summary**

AECOM was instructed by Sunnica Limited to undertake Phase 2 botanical surveys, including National Vegetation Classification (NVC) survey) of grasslands, hedgerow and arable flora surveys for the proposed Sunnica Energy Farm (hereafter referred to as 'the Scheme'). The Scheme is a new solar farm scheme that would connect to the national electricity transmission network.

Part 1 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended) affords specific protection to flora (including arable flora) listed on Schedule 8 (flora, fungi and lichens).

Section 41 of the NERC Act (NERC Act S41) includes a list of habitats and plant species of principal importance for nature conservation in England which is to be used by decision-makers to guide the implementation of their duties under Section 40 of the Act. This S41 list includes hedgerows and arable field margins. Decision-makers are required to have regard to the conservation of biodiversity in England when carrying out their normal functions; consideration of the S41 list is integral to this.

The Hedgerow Regulations 1997 prevent the removal of most countryside hedgerows without first submitting a hedgerow removal notice to the local planning authority. This is not required if the removal is part of a planning application, but consideration and application of the Regulations can still be beneficial for the purposes of consistent assessment.

Surveys for the Scheme were undertaken between 2020 and 2021, at appropriate times of year for survey.

Based on the evaluation of the grassland surveyed (including swamp vegetation) against the criteria provided further on in this report, these grasslands range from local to county nature conservation importance and includes acid grassland and calcareous grassland.

All accessible arable fields in the Order limits were surveyed for important arable plants, recording lists of scarce arable plant species for each field surveyed. These surveys identified arable field margins of up to county nature conservation importance.

Hedgerow surveys were carried out in accordance with the relevant methods described in the Hedgerows Regulations. The survey of each hedgerow for 'importance' were assessed against the Wildlife and Landscape Criteria, detailed in the Hedgerow Regulations (1997). Only one hedgerow fulfilled the criteria for 'Important' under the Regulations and is of county nature conservation importance.



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# 1 Introduction

1.1.1 In March 2019, AECOM undertook a Preliminary Ecological Appraisal (PEA) (Ref 1) of the Sunnica Energy Farm site on behalf of Sunnica Ltd. This PEA identified the need for follow-up ecological surveys and assessments to help determine a baseline and potential impacts of the proposed Sunnica Energy Farm (hereafter referred to as the Scheme) on protected or notable¹ species. As part of this work, AECOM undertook Phase 2 botanical surveys (including National Vegetation Classification (NVC) survey), a hedgerow survey and an arable flora survey between 2019 and 2021 within the Scheme boundary (the Development Consent Order (DCO) Site) (the Site) (also referred to as the Order limits) (**Figure 1**).

#### 1.2 The Scheme

- 1.2.1 Sunnica Energy Farm (the Scheme) is a new solar energy farm proposal that will deliver electricity to the national electricity transmission network. Sunnica Limited is proposing to install ground mounted solar photovoltaic (PV) panel arrays to generate electrical energy from the sun and combine these with a Battery Energy Storage System (BESS) which will connect to Burwell National Grid Substation in Cambridgeshire.
- 1.2.2 Electricity will be generated at Sunnica East Site A, near Isleham in Cambridgeshire; Sunnica East Site B, near Worlington and Freckenham in Suffolk; Sunnica West Site A near Chippenham and Kennett in Cambridgeshire; and Sunnica West Site B, near Snailwell in Cambridgeshire. All locations will comprise ground mounted solar PV panel arrays, supporting electrical infrastructure and, with the exception of Sunnica West Site B, a BESS.
- 1.2.3 Supporting electrical infrastructure will include on-site substations on Sunnica East Site A and Sunnica East Site B and Sunnica West Site A, and on-site cabling between the different electrical elements across the Scheme. The generating equipment of the Scheme will be fenced and protected via security measures such as Closed Circuit Television. Inside the fenced areas, in addition to the generating equipment will be, internal access tracks, and drainage. It is not proposed for any area to be continuously lit.
- 1.2.4 Visual, ecological and archaeological mitigation is proposed which includes proposed grassland planting and new woodland; retention of existing woodland, wetlands and other vegetation; provision of replacement habitat; and offsetting areas, where there will be no development. The BESSs will consist of a compound and battery array to allow for the importation, storage and exportation of energy to the National Grid. There will also be areas at Sunnica East Site A and Sunnica East Site B for office and storage facilities for use during the Scheme's operation.
- 1.2.5 The Scheme will be connected to a new substation extension at the existing Burwell National Grid Substation, using 132 kilovolt (kV) cables buried underground. The cables will run between Sunnica East Site A, Sunnica East Site B and Sunnica West Site A (Grid Connection Route A), and then from Sunnica

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A notable species is a species with a conservation designation, but no legal protection.



West Site A to Sunnica West B and onwards to the Burwell National Grid Substation (Grid Connection Route B). The Burwell National Grid Substation Extension will convert the 132kV to 400kV. The 400kV cables will be buried and will connect the Scheme to the existing Burwell National Grid Substation to allow distribution to the national transmission network.

- 1.2.6 The Scheme will have two main access points, one north of Elms Road at Sunnica East Site B and one south of La Hogue Road at Sunnica West Site A. The main access route to Sunnica West Site A will be via the Chippenham junction of the A11, to the north of junction 38 of the A14. Sunnica East Site B will be accessed via the A11 and B1085. A number of secondary access points are proposed to access the individual land parcels through construction, operation, and decommissioning phases.
- 1.2.7 The Scheme is defined as a Nationally Significant Infrastructure Project (NSIP) and will require a Development Consent Order (DCO) from the Secretary of State for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy (Secretary of State), due to its generating capacity exceeding 50 megawatts (MW).
- 1.2.8 The Scheme comprises the following key areas:
  - a. Solar Farm Sites:
    - i. Sunnica East Site A;
    - ii. Sunnica East Site B;
    - iii. Sunnica West Site A; and
    - iv. Sunnica West Site B.
  - b. associated electrical infrastructure areas for connection to the national transmission system:
    - i. Grid Connection Route A (connecting the Sunnica East Site A with the Sunnica East Site B and then connecting to the Sunnica West Site A);
    - ii. Grid Connection Route B (connecting the Sunnica West Site A and Sunnica West Site B and the Burwell National Grid Substation); and
    - iii. Burwell National Grid Substation Extension.
- 1.2.9 **Figure 1** shows the locations of these key areas.

# 1.3 Site description

1.3.1 A summary description of the habitats within the Scheme boundary (made up of the four Sites (see section 1.2.1)) is provided below and a more detailed description of the habitats is provided in the PEA report (Ref 1). The extent of the Scheme is shown in **Figure 1**.

#### **Sunnica East Site**

1.3.2 The Sunnica East Site is split into two sub-sites, one to the north of Freckenham (referred to as Sunnica East Site A) and the other to the south of Worlington (referred to as Sunnica East Site B). These two sites are approximately 1km apart and are separated by agricultural fields. The Sunnica East Site A encompasses an



area of approximately 224ha and includes land within the county of Suffolk and Cambridgeshire. Sunnica East Site B lies within Suffolk and encompasses an area of approximately 319ha (**Figure 1**).

- 1.3.3 The landscape features within the Sunnica East Site A and Sunnica East Site B consist of arable agricultural fields interspersed with individual trees, hedgerows, linear tree belts, small woodland blocks, farm access tracks and local roads.
- 1.3.4 The landscape features immediately surrounding the Sunnica East Site A and Sunnica East Site B comprise small rural villages, including Worlington to the north, Barton Mills to the north-east, Red Lodge and Freckenham to the south and Isleham to the west. Industrial land uses adjoin the A11 to the south of the Sunnica East Site with an industrial installation of a 7.5MW solar farm situated adjacent to the south-eastern extent of the Sunnica East Site and an anaerobic digestion (AD) plant located to the south of the Sunnica East Site.

#### **Sunnica West Site**

- 1.3.5 The Sunnica West Site is located within the East Cambridgeshire District Council administrative area, approximately 3km north east of Newmarket and 6.5km east of Burwell.
- 1.3.6 Sunnica West is split into two sub-sites, one to the south-east (referred to as Sunnica West Site A) and the other to the north-west of Snailwell (referred to as Sunnica West Site B). These two sites are approximately 1km apart, separated by agricultural fields and Chippenham Road. The Sunnica West Site A encompasses an area of approximately 373ha and includes land to the east and west of the A11, consisting of agricultural fields bounded by trees, managed hedgerows, linear tree shelter belts, small woodland and copses and farm access tracks. Sunnica West Site B encompasses an area of approximately 66ha and comprise of agricultural fields, grassland, small woodland and copses, farm access tracks and irrigation ditches fed by the River Snail which runs along the western and northern boundaries of the Site (Figure 1).
- 1.3.7 The surrounding landscape comprises regularly shaped arable fields interspersed with managed hedgerows, tall shelter belts of trees and in the Chippenham Hall area, a parkland landscape with mature individual trees. Much of the area is also characterised by grazed paddocks, horse gallops and exercise tracks.

#### Cable route corridors

1.3.8 The Scheme will connect to the existing Burwell National Grid Substation via a cable route corridor. The cable route corridors under consideration are Grid Connection Route A, which connects the Sunnica East Site A with the Sunnica East Site B and then runs between the Sunnica West Site A and the Sunnica East Site B; and Grid Connection Route B, between the Sunnica West Site A and Sunnica West Site B and the Burwell National Grid Substation.

### Grid Connection Route A

1.3.9 Grid Connection Route A connects the Sunnica East Site A with Sunnica East Site B and crosses two minor roads and arable farmland (**Figure 1**).



1.3.10 Heading south from the Sunnica East Site B, the cable route corridor for Grid Connection Route A crosses the River Kennett, pastoral farmland, the Chippenham footpath 49/7 (a Public Right of Way (PRoW)) and B1085 (**Figure 1**).

#### Grid Connection Route B

- 1.3.11 Heading east from the Burwell National Grid Substation, the cable route corridor for Grid Connection Route B crosses agricultural fields and a number of roads including the B1102 and A142. Grid Connection Route B also crosses a number of watercourses, including the Burwell Lode, New River, and the River Snail, as well as a number of drainage ditches associated with Burwell Fen, Little Fen, the Broads, and agricultural drains (**Figure 1**).
- 1.3.12 The cable route corridor for Grid Connection Route B crosses a PRoW (footpath 92/19) before crossing the railway line and the A142 Newmarket / Fordham Road. The Route then runs alongside Snailwell Road and across the River Snail into Sunnica West Site B.

#### **Burwell National Grid Substation Extension**

1.3.13 The habitat within the Burwell National Grid Substation Extension (surrounding the existing substation) comprises small grassland fields to the east of the existing substation (bordered by hedgerows and mature trees) and arable land to the south and west of the existing substation (**Figure 1**).

### 1.4 Scope of the report

- 1.4.1 The PEA report (Ref 1) identified habitats of principal importance (listed under Section 41 of the Natural Environment and Rural Communities (NERC) Act 2006) (Ref 2) which could be potential constraints to the works or influence the design and implementation of the Scheme. The habitats comprise:
  - a. lowland dry acid grassland;
  - b. lowland calcareous grassland;
  - c. arable field margins;
  - d. flood-plain and grazing marsh; and
  - e. hedgerows
- 1.4.2 This report includes the following information:
  - a. relevant legislation and policy;
  - b. methods for desk and field-based assessments undertaken between 2019 and 2021:
  - c. limitations to the surveys undertaken and any assumptions made as a result of any incomplete data;
  - d. survey results including habitat location, size, floristic and structural composition; and
  - e. biodiversity importance of the habitats.

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1.4.3 This report is a technical appendix to accompany the Environmental Statement (ES) for the DCO application.



# 2 Relevant Legislation and Policy

# 2.1 Legislation

- 2.1.1 Part 1 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended) (Ref 3) affords specific protection to flora listed on Schedule 8 (flora, fungi and lichens).
- 2.1.2 Section 13 of this act protects plants from picking and sale of plants or parts of plants listed in Schedule 8, as follows:
  - a. intentional picking, uprooting or destruction (Section 13 1a);
  - b. selling, offering for sale, possessing or transporting for the purpose of sale (live or dead, part or derivative) (Section 13 2a); and
  - c. advertising (any of these) for buying or selling (Section 13 2b).
- 2.1.3 In certain circumstances, licences can be granted to permit some actions prohibited under the Act (Ref 3).
- 2.1.4 Section 41 of the NERC Act 2006 (Ref 2) includes a list of habitats and plant species of principal importance for nature conservation in England which is to be used by decision-makers to guide the implementation of their duties under Section 40 of the Act. This Section 41 list includes arable field margins, dry acid grassland and calcareous grassland priority habitat. Decision-makers are required to have regard to the conservation of biodiversity in England when carrying out their normal functions; consideration of the Section 41 list is integral to this. In addition, with regard to those species and habitats on the list of Species of Principal Importance listed under Section 41, the Secretary of State must:
  - a. "take such steps as appear to the Secretary of State to be reasonably practicable to further the conservation of the living organisms and types of habitat included in any list published under this section, or
  - b. promote the taking by others of such steps."

#### **Hedgerows**

Hedgerow regulations

- 2.1.5 The Hedgerow Regulations 1997 (the Regulations) (Ref 4), made under the Environment Act 1995 (Ref 5), were introduced in England and Wales in 1997 in order to protect this characteristic element of the countryside. The Regulations were amended by the Hedgerows (Amendment) (England) Regulations in 2002.
- 2.1.6 The Regulations prevent the removal of most countryside hedgerows without first submitting a hedgerow removal notice to the local planning authority. This is not required if the removal is part of a planning application, but consideration and application of the Regulations can still be beneficial for the purposes of consistent assessment.
- 2.1.7 Under the Regulations, criteria are established that are to be used by the local planning authority to determine which hedgerows are 'Important'. The criteria relate to the value of the hedgerows from an archaeological, historical, landscape or ecological perspective. Hedgerows that are younger than 30 years old are excluded



if supportive evidence of age can be provided, as are any hedgerows that mark the boundary (curtilage) of a house.

- 2.1.8 In addition, the Regulations qualify 'important' hedgerows that meet the following list of criteria:
  - a. it must have a continuous length of or exceeding 20m;
  - b. has a continuous length of less than 20m, but meets another hedgerow (by intersection or junction) at each end; and
  - c. it must be more than 30 years old.
- 2.1.9 In addition to the above criteria, to be deemed 'important', a hedgerow must meet one or more of the following criteria:
  - a. the hedgerow contains a species of bird, animal or plant listed on Part 1 of Schedule 1, Schedule 5 or Schedule 8 within the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended);
  - b. the hedgerow is adjacent to a public right of way (PRoW), such as a bridleway, footpath, road used by a public path, or a byway open to all traffic, and contains at least four woody species (as defined in Schedule 3 of the Regulations) on average, in a 30m length, plus at least two Associated Features within Part II Criteria, (as defined in Schedule 1 of the Regulations) and
  - c. the hedgerow includes one or more of the following:
    - at least seven qualifying woody species (see Schedule 3 of the Regulations), on average, in a 30m length;
    - at least six qualifying woody species, on average, in a 30m length, plus at least three Associated Features within Part II Criteria (Schedule 1 of the Regulations);
    - at least six qualifying woody species including a Black Poplar Populus nigra subspecies betulifolia; Large-leaved Lime Tilia platyphyllos, Small-leaved Lime Tilia cordata or Wild Service-tree Sorbus torminalis; or
    - at least five qualifying woody species, on average, in a 30m length and at least four Associated Features within Part II Criteria (Schedule 1 of the Regulations).

# 2.2 National and local planning policy

2.2.1 National and local planning policy relevant to nature conservation is provided in detail in the PEA report for the Scheme (Ref 1), which is also included as Appendix 8B of the ES.

# 2.3 Priority habitats

2.3.1 The UK Biodiversity Action Plan (UKBAP) (Ref 6) was launched in 1994 and established a framework and criteria for identifying species and habitat types of conservation concern. From this list, action plans for priority habitats and species of conservation concern were published and have subsequently been succeeded by the UK Post-2010 Biodiversity Framework (July 2012) (Ref 7). The UK Post 2010 Development Framework is relevant in the context of Section 40 of the NERC

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Act (Ref 2), meaning that priority species and habitats are material considerations in planning. These habitats and species are identified as those of conservation concern due to their rarity or a declining population trend.

### 2.4 Local biodiversity action plan

2.4.1 The Scheme is located within two counties, Cambridgeshire and Suffolk. The Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Biodiversity Action Plan (Ref 8) and Suffolk Biodiversity Action Plan (Ref 9) provides the local nature conservation strategy for identifying threats to species within these counties and sets out the actions necessary to conserve them. These Biodiversity Action Plans provide context to inform identification of threatened / uncommon species within the district / county. The plans also identify priorities for conservation and enhancement but confers no particular legislative or policy protection to the species identified, however in some cases this is provided through related legislation and local planning policy.

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#### 3 Methods

#### 3.1 Desk study

- 3.1.1 A desk study was undertaken in December 2018 through Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Environmental Records Centre (CPERC) and Suffolk Biodiversity Information Service (SBIS), to obtain relevant flora and habitat records within the preceding ten years and within a 2km radius of the Order limits. This included searches for:
  - a. Protected Plants under Schedule 8 Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (Ref 10);
  - b. Priority Species (i.e. LBAP / NERC Act Section 41 species) (Ref 2);
  - c. GB Red List species (IUCN) (Ref 11);
  - d. Notable species (i.e. Nationally Rare and Scarce species):
  - e. Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Additional Species of Interest (CPASI); and
  - f. Suffolk Rare Plants.
- 3.1.2 Only records up to ten years old were considered within the assessment, as any records older than ten years are unlikely to be still representative of plant communities in the local area.

#### 3.2 Field survey

#### Survey area

3.2.1 The survey area for grassland and arable flora surveys comprised areas of unimproved/semi-improved grassland, floodplain and grazing marsh and arable margins, within the Order limits. These are shown on Figure 2 and referenced in **Table 3-1**. The survey area for hedgerows included all mature hedgerows within the Order limits (Figure 3).

Table 3-1: Survey areas for grassland and arable flora within the Order limits

Scheme area	Survey area (see Figure 2)	Habitat type
Sunnica East Site A	AF 14, 19, 20, 21	Arable Flora/Arable Field Margins*#
	T10a and T10b	Drain and marginal / emergent vegetation
	T10c	Semi-improved neutral grassland
Sunnica East Site B	T6 (including Worlington Heath County Wildlife Site (CWS))	Lowland dry acid grassland*#
	T8, T9, T13, T16	Inland dune vegetation / Lowland dry acid grassland*#
	T7 (includes part of Badlingham Lane CWS)	Lowland calcareous grassland*#
	T14	Drain and marginal / emergent vegetation
	AF2, 3, 7, 16 to 18, 22 to 25.	Arable Flora/Arable Field Margins*#
	T12	Semi-improved neutral grassland



Scattered grasses, tall ruderal herbs and ephemeral/short perennial vegetation, semi-improved grassland Floodplain and grazing marsh*/marshy grassland Semi-improved neutral grassland 13 Arable field margins* Arable field margins*
grassland Semi-improved neutral grassland 13 Arable field margins*
13 Arable field margins*
Arable field margins*
Species poor semi-improved neutral grassland
Semi-improved neutral to acidic grassland verge
Arable field margins*
Drainage ditches / running water and marginal / emergent vegetation
Grassland verge/hedge bank
Semi-improved neutral to acidic grassland / set-aside
Somi improved calcargous sown
Semi-improved calcareous sown grassland

Notes on Table 3-1 = \* indicates a priority habitat type; # indicates a Local Biodiversity Action Plan habitat (in Suffolk only)

#### **Grassland survey**

- 3.2.2 The survey of grassland focused on lowland acid and lowland calcareous priority habitat within the Order limits. A few discrete areas of these habitat types had been identified in the PEA report (Ref 1) at Sunnica East Site A and B as meeting these criteria. In addition, an area of floodplain grassland/semi-improved grazing land at Sunnica West Site B was surveyed. Notes were also made of notable species present along tracks, set-aside grassland and other potential interesting habitats on the Site.
- 3.2.3 The survey was undertaken by two experienced botanists on 9, 10 and 16 July 2019. Notes on additional species were also made earlier in the year in some of the acid and calcareous grassland habitats on the 29 May and 6 June 2019. An early season visit to some of these areas and new areas within the Scheme was undertaken on 14, 27 and 28 May 2020. A survey of the grid connection routes was undertaken on 19, 20, 21 May and 1 June 2021.
- 3.2.4 Where appropriate the National Vegetation Classification (NVC) survey was carried out (where applicable) in accordance with the standard methodology as detailed for grasslands in Rodwell (1992) (Ref 12). The NVC survey involved recording plant species present within a 2m x 2m quadrat (for short herbaceous vegetation) or a 4m x 4m quadrat (for tall and more open herb communities). In each discrete grassland type, up to five randomly selected quadrats were recorded, depending



on the extent and variability of the grassland. Each plant species in a quadrat was given a by eye estimate of cover using the Domin scale and bare ground was recorded where present

- 3.2.5 Other typical and/or noteworthy plant species in the wider grassland woodland, but not picked up in the quadrats was also recorded. Such species, even if rare within the ground flora, could be relevant for the classification of the associated NVC community. Each discrete grassland type was assigned, where applicable, to its relative NVC community using the keys and descriptions given in Rodwell (1992) (Ref 12). Botanical nomenclature in this report follows that of Stace (2019) (Ref 13) for vascular plants and Atherton et al. (2010) (Ref 14) for bryophytes. The scientific name is given only the first time the species is mentioned in the main text.
- 3.2.6 NVC survey is not appropriate where vegetation has a history of prior disturbance, as heavily-disturbed or recently-established habitats would be unlikely to align with any of the described NVC communities. Where this was the case based on professional judgement, notes were made on the species and abundance only, rather than an NVC survey.
- 3.2.7 The rarity of higher plants given is based on Stace (2019) (Ref 13), where;
  - a. Uncommon a species found in not more than 250 different 10 x 10km grid squares in the British Isles since 1987
  - b. Scarce a species found in not more than 100 different 10 x 10km grid squares since 1987; and
  - c. Rare a species found in not than 15 different 10 x 10km grid squares since 1987.
- 3.2.8 Protected species (WCA Schedule 8), priority species (S41) and notable species as listed on the Suffolk Rare Plant register and Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Additional Species of Interest (CPASI) are listed in the results.

#### **Arable flora survey**

- 3.2.9 All suitable, accessible arable fields in the survey area were surveyed for scarce arable flora on the 5, 6 and 29 May and 6 June 2019; from AF16 (Sunnica East Site B) onwards on the 14, 27 and 28 May 2020 and from AF28 onwards along the Grid Connections Areas on 20 May and 1 June 2021 at an optimal time of year for recording such species. The distribution of scarce arable plant species in the modern agricultural landscape is largely confined to arable field margins and similar areas of less intensive management. As such, the survey involved walking field boundaries and comparable areas of marginal habitat only.
- 3.2.10 Lists of scarce arable plant species were recorded for each field surveyed. It was not the intention of the survey to record all arable plant species present, only those considered as scarce, that is listed in the Great Britain and England Red Data Lists (Stroh et al., 2015 (Ref 11), Mcleod et al., 2017 (Ref 15) as Critically Endangered, Endangered, Vulnerable and Near Threatened, and those listed by Byfield & Wilson (2005) (Ref 16) as locally, regionally or nationally scarce. As such, data were only collected for those fields where scarce flora was found (see **Figure 2**, Annex A).



- 3.2.11 The survey results were used to determine the relative notability and importance of the scarce arable plant assemblages present. Byfield and Wilson (2005) (Ref 16) set thresholds to support this and subsequent nature conservation evaluation (see section 3.3). Thresholds have been defined based on the cumulative total of the weighted scores of species present at each discrete location (in this case, location = field). The threshold scores proposed for sites of international (European), national and county importance is given in **Table 3-2.**
- 3.2.12 The scoring system recognises that arable communities on a particular geological substrate may consistently score either more or less than equally valued communities on a different substrate. Data held in the Multi-Agency Geographic Information for the Countryside (MAGIC) website (Ref 17) identify that the soil classification of the study area comprises a mixture of free draining slightly acid but base-rich soils (Soilscape Type 7), free draining slightly acid soils (Soilscape Type 10), and free draining lime-rich loamy soils (Type 5). The most appropriate substrate type, as quoted in **Table 3-2**, for the purposes of data analysis is therefore "Sands and Freely Draining Acidic Soils". A few fields comprised a heavier 'clay' soil. Whilst it is acknowledged there is some chalk or limestone influence these two categories used takes the precautionary approach as it has lower threshold value for nature conservation importance.
- 3.2.13 No criteria are available for the identification of assemblages of district or lower value/biodiversity importance. Professional judgement has been applied to this site, based on the nature of the species assemblage recorded. As such district importance assemblages have a species score between 10 and 19 or have the presence of a high scoring species (7+), and local importance assemblages have a score between 1 and 9.

Table 3-2: Threshold scores for assessing the nature conservation importance of arable plant assemblages with reference to prevailing soil type

Geographic scale of nature conservation importance			Sands and freely draining acidic soils
European	90+	70+	70+
National	45 – 89	30 – 69	35 – 69
County	30 – 44	20 – 29	20 – 34
District	n/a	10 - 19 (or the presence of higher (7+) scoring species)	10 - 19 (or the presence of higher (7+) scoring species)
Local	n/a	1 – 9	1 – 9

#### **Hedgerow surveys**

- 3.2.14 The hedgerow survey followed Defra (Ref 18) and used the broad definition of a hedgerow, which defines a hedgerow as: "any boundary line of trees or shrubs over 20m long and less than 5m wide, provided that at one time the trees or shrubs were more or less continuous. It includes an earth bank or wall only where such a feature occurs in association with a line of trees or shrubs".
- 3.2.15 Hedgerow surveys were carried out in May and June 2021 by an experienced ecologist, in accordance with the wildlife and landscape criteria described in the



Regulations and the methods within the Hedgerow Survey Handbook (Ref 18). Each hedgerow was assigned a unique identifier number and these (and their locations) are also presented in **Figure 3**.

- 3.2.16 The relevant hedgerows were surveyed and assessed against the Wildlife and Landscape Criteria, detailed in the Regulations. The identified hedgerows were not assessed against the history and archaeology criteria of the Regulations as these criteria are not within the professional remit of an ecologist.
- 3.2.17 Any hedgerows that are not included within this report were scoped out of requiring any further assessment.
- 3.2.18 Where the age of hedgerows was not known, a precautionary approach was taken based on professional judgement. All well-established mature hedgerows were assumed to be at least 30 years unless there was evidence or knowledge that would cast doubt on this.
- 3.2.19 Where non-native lookalikes (species and races of non-British origin) had been planted or had self-sown in hedgerows these were not recorded. An example is the non-native Southern Dogwood (*Cornus sanguinea* subspecies *australis*) which can be readily mistaken for native Dogwood (*Cornus sanguinea* subspecies *sanguinea*) and is widely planted and increasingly bird sown. Southern Dogwood is native to Eastern Europe and the Caucasus, so to include it in species totals for the purposes of applying the Regulations would undermine the process of identifying important hedgerows based on the diversity of native tree and shrub species present.
- 3.2.20 Whilst the primary aim of the survey work undertaken was to determine the presence and distribution of all 'Important' hedgerows, the survey data collected can also be used to evaluate hedgerows as being species-rich or species-poor.
- 3.2.21 Species-rich hedgerows are those that have an average of five or more woody species per 30m survey section. Therefore, all hedgerows that can be determined as 'Important' are by definition species-rich (but the converse is not true, species-rich hedgerows are not automatically 'Important'). Species-poor hedgerows are those with an average of four or less woody species per 30m survey section. For these thresholds to be usable in practice, the results of the Hedgerow Regulations survey need to be rounded to the nearest whole number.
- 3.2.22 Each 30m sections were sampled in accordance with Schedule 1 Part II Wildlife and Landscape 7(3) of the regulations:
  - a. where the length of the hedgerow does not exceed 30m, count the number of woody species present in the hedgerow;
  - b. where the length of the hedgerow exceeds 30m, but does not exceed 100m, count the number of woody species present in the central stretch of 30m;
  - c. where the length of the hedgerow exceeds 100m, but does not exceed 200m, count the number of woody species present in the central stretch of 30m within each half of the hedgerow and divide the aggregate by two; or
  - d. where the length of the hedgerow exceeds 200m, count the number of woody species present in the central stretch of 30m within each third of the hedgerow and divide the aggregate by three.

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# 3.3 Biodiversity evaluation

- 3.3.1 An essential prerequisite step to allow ecological impact assessment of the Scheme is an evaluation of the relative biodiversity importance of the identified ecological features (encompassing nature conservation designations, ecosystems, habitat and species). This is necessary to set the terms of reference for the subsequent ecological impact assessment
- 3.3.2 The method of evaluation that has been utilised in this report has been developed with reference to the guidance published by the Chartered Institute of Ecology and Environmental Management (CIEEM, 2018) (Ref 19). CIEEM gives guidance on scoping and carrying out environmental assessments and places appraisal in the context of relevant policies. Data received through consultation, desk-based studies and field-based surveys are used to allow ecological features of biodiversity importance or potential importance to be identified, and the main factors contributing to their importance described and related to available guidance.
- 3.3.3 Habitats and their component plant species can be of biodiversity importance for a variety of reasons, and their relative importance should always be determined on a case-by-case basis. Importance may relate, for example, to the uniqueness of the assemblage, or to the extent to which species are threatened throughout their range, or to their rate of decline.
- 3.3.4 The importance of the habitats and plant species addressed in this report has been defined with reference to the geographical level at which the feature being assessed is considered to matter (**Table 3-3**). Relevant published national and local guidance and criteria can be used, where available, to inform the assessment of biodiversity importance and to assist consistency in evaluation.
- 3.3.5 Guidance and criteria of potential relevance to the botanical features being assessed is summarised in **Table 3-3**. The identified guidance and criteria are not definitive and other criteria have been applied when relevant and appropriate e.g. see the Byfield and Wilson (2005) (Ref 16) method for scarce arable flora referenced in section 3.2.9 to 3.2.13.

Table 3-3: Geographic scale used to qualify the relative biodiversity importance of features

Geographic scale of importance	Definition	Example supporting guidance and assessment criteria
International	Europe	McLeod et al.(2017) (Ref 15), 'Guidelines for the selection of Special Areas of Conservation (SACs)'; specific guidance for scarce arable flora is given in Byfield & Wilson (2005) (Ref 16)
National	Great Britain/ England	Bainbridge (2013) (Ref 20), 'Guidelines for the selection of biological Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSIs)'; specific guidance for scarce arable flora in Byfield & Wilson (2005) (Ref 16)
Regional	East of England	No specific guidance available for Cambridgeshire and Suffolk, professional judgement is to be used. It will encompass features clearly of greater than county value but not of sufficient merit to demonstrate national value.



Geographic scale of importance	Definition	Example supporting guidance and assessment criteria
County	Cambridgeshire or Suffolk	Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Panel (2014) 'County Wildlife Sites Selection Guidance' (Ref 21) and Suffolk County Wildlife Site Selection Criteria (Suffolkbis, 2010) (Ref 22) provide details on the selection method for county wildlife sites and details of the habitat types found within the counties.
Local /District	The Order limits	No specific guidance available, professional judgement is to be used.

# 3.4 Assumptions and limitations

### **Desk study**

3.4.1 The aim of a desk study was to help characterise the baseline context of the Scheme and provide valuable background information that would not be captured by site surveys alone. Information obtained during the course of a desk study was dependent upon people and organisations having made and submitted records for the area of interest. As such, a lack of records for a particular habitat or species does not necessarily mean that the habitats or species do not occur in the study area. Likewise, the presence of records for particular habitats and species did not automatically mean that these still occurred within the area of interest or were relevant in the context of the Scheme.

#### Field survey

Survey areas and access

- 3.4.2 Survey areas were chosen to provide a representative sample of the site, based on the best quality in terms of potential species diversity and potential for protected or notable flora species which could be impacted as a result of the Scheme. All designated sites and notable grassland habitats were included within the survey where they are likely to be impacted by the Scheme. All arable margins were considered and surveyed where rare/scarce arable flora were present or likely to be present. Note that since the surveys commenced, the site boundary has been amended, resulting in arable flora survey results from 2019 that were undertaken in land just outside the Order limits.
- 3.4.3 These surveys concentrated on habitats likely to be directly impacted, and therefore, not all habitats were surveyed in detail.
- 3.4.4 It should be noted that a specific survey of invasive Schedule 9 species within the Site, such as wetlands and woodland, has not been undertaken, but they were recorded where present within the grasslands and arable habitats surveyed.

NVC survey

3.4.5 The NVC surveys were undertaken at an appropriate time of year during May to July and under suitable weather conditions for grassland survey. However, it should be noted that grassland survey results, and the description of communities types (where applicable), represent a current community evaluation at the time of survey (as opposed to one seeking to describe what the community was before any human



interference, or what it might become in the future). This is only a snapshot of the vegetation communities present and should not be interpreted as a static long-term reference.

#### Arable flora

- 3.4.6 There were some general limitations specific to surveys for scarce arable flora. These were:
  - a. Timings: The surveys were undertaken between May and early June, which represents the optimum time for recording scarce arable flora. However, not all arable plant species and populations may be apparent or identifiable during this period. Some later checks were also undertaken in late July 2019 and 2020 for additional species, therefore most of the scoring or more notable species were likely to have been apparent at these times.
  - b. Use of selective herbicides on crops observed throughout the year will have restricted the occurrence of scarce arable flora to areas unaffected by spray, such as field entrances/turning areas.
  - c. Not all crops are of equal value for scarce arable flora. Crops of the same type are not grown in the same fields year after year *i.e.* they are rotated on a regular cycle. Some crop types are more compatible than others with arable flora, depending upon the specific inputs required to maintain the crop (e.g. herbicides and fertilisers) and how closely the cultivation requirements of the crop matches the ecological requirements of the scarce flora present.
- 3.4.7 These limitations did not significantly limit this flora report and assessment.



# 4 Results

# 4.1 Desk study

### **Priority habitats**

4.1.1 Relevant NERC Act 2016 Section 41 priority and LBAP habitats identified in the PEA report (Ref 1) are presented in **Table 4-1**.

Table 4-1: NERC Act S41 priority habitats and LBAP habitats relevant to the Scheme

Habitat	Scheme Area	NERC Act	LBAP	Supporting Comments
Arable Field Margins/Arable Land	Sunnica East Sites A and B, Sunnica West Sites A and B, Grid Connection Routes A & B and Burwell Substation.	<b>/</b>	~	Some arable field margins present in these areas fulfil the criteria for this priority habitat type based on the assemblages of important arable plant species.
Fenland Drainage Ditches	Grid Connection Route B	-	✓	The Grid Connection Route B crosses a number of drainage ditches around Burwell.
Floodplain and grazing marsh	Sunnica West Site B,	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	Grazing marsh present in fields next to the River Snail on Sunnica West Site B
Hedgerows	Sunnica East Sites A and B, Sunnica West Sites A and B, Grid Connection Routes,	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	Hedgerows are present within the Site.
Lowland Mixed Deciduous Woodland	Sunnica East Sites A and B, Sunnica West Sites A and B, Grid Connection Routes	<b>✓</b>	~	Broad-leaved woodland is present within the Site. Mostly plantation woodland.
Lowland Dry Acid Grassland	Sunnica East Site B	<b>/</b>	<b>✓</b>	A small area of dry acid grassland is present in the northern section of the Sunnica East Site B and associated with the Worlington Heath CWS and Badlingham Lane CWS.
Lowland Calcareous Grassland	Sunnica East Site B	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	A small area of calcareous grassland is present in the eastern and southern section of the Sunnica East Site B.
Rivers	Sunnica West Site B, Grid Connection Routes	<b>✓</b>	~	The River Kennett and River Snail are likely to fulfil the criteria of this priority habitat type.
	Sunnica East Sites A and B, Sunnica West Sites A and B, Grid Connection Routes	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	There are a number of waterbodies within the Site, including irrigation reservoirs and ponds.
Wood pasture and parkland	Sunnica West Site A	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	Chippenham Park and tree lines to the south within the Site



#### Protected, priority and notable flora species

- 4.1.2 The data search identified six Schedule 8 plants listed on the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (Ref 10) relevant to the Scheme within 2km of the Order limits. These are:
  - a. Cambridge Milk-parsley Selinum carvifolia;
  - b. Fingered Speedwell Veronica triphyllos;
  - c. Small Alison Alyssum alyssoides;
  - d. Bluebell *Hyacinthoides non-scripta* (in respect of section 13 2a/b only);
  - e. Grass-poly *Lythrum hyssopifolium* (historic records from 2001, no recent records); and
  - f. Military Orchid *Orchis militaris*.
- 4.1.3 Cambridge Milk-parsley is located in Chippenham Fen SSSI and SAC and Snailwell Meadows SSSI, both located immediately adjacent to the north and south west of Sunnica West Site B.
- 4.1.4 There is an historic record from 2001 of Grass-poly within Chippenham Avenue Fields CWS, just outside the site boundary of Sunnica West Site A. There are no recent records of this species (checked by AECOM in 2019 and 2020) and the habitat present there at the time of survey is now unsuitable for this species (*i.e.* intensively managed arable).
- 4.1.5 Bluebell has been present within a 2km x 2km grid square around Freckenham. A further three species (Military Orchid, Fingered Speedwell and Small Alison) have been recorded over 1km from the Order limits.
- 4.1.6 NERC Act Section 41 species recorded on or within 2km of the Order limits comprise:
  - a. Annual Knawel Scleranthus annuus\*;
  - b. Basil Thyme Clinopodium acinos\*;
  - c. Broad-leaved Cudweed *Filago pyramidata*;
  - d. Fine-leaved Sandwort Sabulina tenuifolia;
  - e. Grape-hyacinth Muscari neglectum;
  - f. Purple Milk-vetch Astragalus danicus; and
  - g. Spanish Catchfly Silene otitis.
    - \* = denotes a record within the Site.
- 4.1.7 An additional 85 other notable plant species; e.g. red list, nationally rare or scarce, those listed on the Suffolk Rare Plant register and CPASI, have been identified within 2km of the Order limits, many of which are only recorded to the monad scale (2km x 2km). There is an estimate (based on monad scale records provided by NBIS in Annex B) of approximately 20 species potentially occurring in suitable habitat within the Order limits, including Bur Medick Medicago minima, Cat-mint Nepeta cataria, Corn Spurrey Spergula arvensis and Hound's-tonque



Cynoglossum officinale. A full list of species and designations is provided in Annex B

## 4.2 Field survey

#### Phase 2 / NVC grassland flora survey

4.2.1 A summary of the results of the Phase 2 / NVC grassland flora survey is presented in **Table 4-2**. Locations are shown on **Figure 2**, Annex A. Full survey results are provided in Annex C.



# Table 4-2: Results of the Phase 2 / NVC grassland flora survey

Scheme area	Survey area (see Figure 2)	Results
Sunnica East Site A	T10 a/b	A drain dominated by Common Reed <i>Phragmites australis</i> , with Soft Rush <i>Juncus effusus</i> , Meadowsweet <i>Filipendula ulmaria</i> , Hemp Agrimony <i>Eupatorium cannabinum</i> and Common Water Plantain <i>Alisma plantago-aquatica</i> . It has affinity to the NVC community type S4 <i>Phragmites australis</i> swamp and reed-beds. Margins with additional species including Bifid Hemp-nettle <i>Galeopsis bifida</i> , Weld <i>Reseda lutea</i> , Marsh Woundwort <i>Stachys palustris</i> and False Oat-grass.
	Т10 с	A set-aside field with bare ground and scattered tall ruderal herbs and grasses, with Bristly Ox-tongue <i>Helminthotheca echioides</i> , Fat Hen <i>Chenopodium album</i> , Mugwort <i>Artemisia vulgaris</i> , Creeping Bent <i>Agrostis stolonifera</i> and Great Brome. The nationally scarce Annual Beard-grass <i>Polypogon monspeliensis</i> is present here. It is likely to be a temporary habitat, with a species composition representative of other similar uncultivated arable habitats in this area.
Sunnica East Site B	T6 (including Worlington Heath County Wildlife Site (CWS))	One large field and part of another field to the east comprising short turf acid grassland, with the northern part (3.0 ha) of the larger field designated as Worlington Heath CWS. This larger field is fenced and grazed by a small number of horses. There are some damp depressions in the field (see notes below), taller patches of grassland and small areas of bare ground. Part of an adjacent field to the east also comprises short acid grassland and is cut occasionally with tractor mower.
		The vegetation is species diverse in places, with 51 species recorded during the survey. Constant species include Common Bent <i>Agrostis capillaris</i> , Smooth Hawk's-beard <i>Crepis capillaris</i> , Thyme-leaved Sandwort <i>Arenaria serpyllifolia</i> , Soft Brome <i>Bromus hordeaceus</i> , Ribwort Plantain, Sheep's Sorrel <i>Rumex acetosella</i> , Hare's-foot Clover <i>Trifolium arvense</i> , Lady's Bedstraw <i>Galium verum</i> and Yarrow. It includes the Nationally Scarce, Bur Medick and the NERC Act S41 species, Annual Knawel. There is no gorse, scrub or Thyme ( <i>Thymus spp.</i> ) as stated on the CWS citation.
		There are a few small depressions in the large field (from previous gravel extraction) with some marshy grassland vegetation (albeit dry in July 2019), including Yellow Marsh Cress <i>Rorippa palustris</i> , Purple Loosestrife <i>Lythrum salicaria</i> , Water Mint <i>Mentha aquatica</i> , Water Pepper <i>Persicaria hydropiper</i> , Tufted Forget-me-not <i>Myosotis laxa</i> , Toad Rush <i>Juncus bufonius</i> , Jointed Rush <i>Juncus articulatus</i> , Silverweed <i>Potentilla anserina</i> , Amphibious Bistort <i>Persicaria amphibia</i> , Common Spike-rush <i>Eleocharis palustris</i> , Reed Canary Grass <i>Phalaris arundinacea</i> , Yellow Loosestrife <i>Lysimachia vulgaris</i> , Gypsywort <i>Lycopus europaeus</i> and Yorkshire fog. These small areas don't match to an NVC community type but add to the floral diversity in this field. These small areas not valued separately in Section 5 and are included in the overall assessment of T6.
		T6 has affinity to NVC community type U1 Festuca ovina-Agrostis capillaris-Rumex acetosa grassland. Sheep's Fescue Festuca ovina is not a component of the vegetation here as per the NVC community descriptions (Rodwell, 1992) (Ref 12). This may be due to acidification and/or eutrophication experienced in these habitat types, e.g. agricultural



Scheme area	Survey area (see Figure 2)	Results
		intensification with fertilizer application (and nitrogen deposition) use of herbicides and pesticides, and potentially air pollution, which leads to a reduction in fine leaved grass species (such as sheep's fescue) and forb diversity (Stevens et al, 2010) (Ref 23).
Sunnica East Site B	Т7	A grassland strip approximately 20m wide between fields with Sand Sedge <i>Carex arenaria</i> abundant. It includes part of Badlingham Lane CWS designated for species rich flora. There is no obvious management, apart from some low intensity Deer browsing and there is potential for future shading from planted trees. Other species include Great Brome <i>Anisantha diandra</i> , Thyme-leaved Sandwort, Soft Brome, Ribwort Plantain, Lady's Bedstraw, Common Couch and White Campion <i>Silene latifolia</i> . Bare ground covers 10 to 30%. It has affinity to the NVC community type SD10 <i>Carex arenaria</i> dune community.
		Badlingham Lane to the south is largely shaded by a parallel row of trees dominated by Scot's Pine <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> , with some grasses and tall herbs along the path, including Great Brome, Sterile Brome, Cock's-foot, Rough Chervil <i>Chaerophyllum temulum</i> , Common Gromwell <i>Lithospermum officinale</i> , Black Horehound <i>Balota nigra</i> , White Campion, Bladder Campion <i>Silene vulgaris</i> , Lady's Bedstraw and Bur-chervil <i>Anthriscus caucalis</i> .
	T8	A species rich acid grassland adjacent to T6 and with a similar species composition. Species include Common Bent, Common Stork's-bill, Ribwort Plantain, Sheep's Sorrel, Hare's-foot Clover, Viper's Bugloss, Squirrel-tail Fescue <i>Vulpia bromoides</i> and Yarrow. Three Nationally Scarce species recorded; Sand Catchfly <i>Silene conica</i> , Bur Medick and Purple Fescue <i>Vulpia ciliata</i> sub-species. <i>ambigua</i> and an 'uncommon' species recorded Smooth Cat's-ear <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i> (Stace, 2020) (Ref 13). The grassland is cut by tractor mower (seen cutting in June and August) to maintain a short sward. Similarly to T6, it has affinity to NVC community type U1 <i>Festuca ovina-Agrostis capillaris-Rumex acetosa</i> grassland.
	Т9	A grassland strip similar to T7 so not surveyed in detail, comprising a 30m wide strip adjacent to Worlington Heath CWS (T6) to the east. Sand Sedge is abundant, with Common Ragwort <i>Jacobaea vulgaris</i> frequent and occasional Kidney Vetch <i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i> , Hound's-tongue and Common Toad Flax <i>Linaria vulgaria</i> . Scattered planted trees including Scot's Pine <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> , Corsican Pine <i>Pinus nigra</i> sub-species <i>larico</i> , Hawthorn and a Gum <i>Eucalyptus</i> species. No management is apparent and in the future there will shading from trees. It has affinity to the NVC community type SD10 <i>Carex arenaria</i> dune community.
	T12	A semi-improved grassland strip 10-20m wide between a conifer woodland and arable fields. Light acidic sandy soil with some calcareous influence. Species include Yorkshire Fog, Creeping Bent, False Oat-grass, Hound's-tongue, Welted Thistle, Fat Hen, Hare's-foot Clover, Viper's Bugloss, Creeping Thistle, Common Poppy, Mugwort and Flixweed <i>Descurainia sophia</i> . No management is obvious and there is shading from a pine plantation to the south. One 'uncommon' species (Stace, 2020) (Ref 13) Cat Mint <i>Nepeta cataria</i> is present along the access track.



Scheme area	Survey area (see Figure 2)	Results
	T13	Short acid grassland similar to T6 and T8. A diverse range of species include Creeping Bent, Viper's Bugloss, Ribwort Plantain, Crested Hair-grass <i>Koeleria macrantha</i> , Lady's Bedstraw, Hare's-foot clover, Hound's-tongue, Yarrow, Biting Stonecrop <i>Sedum acre</i> , Mouse-ear Hawkweed <i>Pilosella officinarum</i> , Sheep's-sorrel, Thyme-leaved Sandwort, Spring Vetch <i>Vicia lathyroides</i> , Little Mouse-ear <i>Cerastium semidecandrum</i> , Field bindweed <i>Convolvulus arvensis</i> , Smooth Hawk's-beard and Whitish Feather-moss <i>Brachythecium albicans</i> . It includes the Nationally scarce Bur Medick and the uncommon Smooth Cat's-ear. It has affinity to NVC community type U1 <i>Festuca ovina-Agrostis capillaris-Rumex acetosa</i> grassland.
Sunnica East Site B	T14	Grassland around an irrigation reservoir, surrounded by arable fields. It comprises tall unmanaged grassland and ruderal herbs with calcareous influences (from chalk exposed through creation of the reservoir). The flora has frequent to abundant Wild Marjoram <i>Origanum vulgare</i> , Lady's Bedstraw, False-oat Grass, Mugwort, Common Nettle <i>Urtica dioica</i> and Bramble, with rare to occasional Clustered Bellflower <i>Campanula glomerata</i> , Greater Knapweed <i>Centaurea scabiosa</i> , Dropwort <i>Filipendula vulgaris</i> and Small Scabious.
		The highest species diversity is present on top of the reservoir banks, including two National Scarce species; Sickle Medick <i>Medicago sativa</i> sub-species <i>falcata</i> and Sand Lucerne <i>Medicago sativa notho</i> sub-species <i>varia</i> and an uncommon species Wild Basil <i>Clinopodium acinos</i> (Stace, 2020) (Ref 13). There is evidence of low level Rabbit grazing in places. It does not match an NVC community type.
	T16	A small area of unmanaged grassland and ephemeral/short perennial vegetation outside a corner of a livestock field. Species including Common Bent, Common Stork's-bill, Lesser Hawkbit <i>Leontodon saxatilis</i> , Little mouse-ear, Viper's-bugloss, Bur Chervil <i>Anthriscus caucalis</i> , Black Medick, Ivy-leaved Speedwell <i>Veronica hederifolia</i> , Slender Sandwort <i>Arenaria leptoclados</i> and the uncommon Smooth Cat's-ear.
Grid Connection Route A	T25	Semi-improved species-poor neutral grassland with tall ruderal herbs, previously grazed/disturbed. Species include Sterile Brome, Yorkshire Fog, Creeping Bent, Cock's-foot, Common Ragwort, Mugwort, Beaked Hawk's-beard <i>Crepis vesicaria</i> , Spear and Creeping Thistle, Common Nettle, White Campion, Creeping Buttercup.
	T26	Semi-improved neutral to acidic grass verge 5-10m wide along track edge with Sterile Brome, Great Brome, Yorkshire Fog, Perennial Rye-grass, False Oat-grass, Cock's-foot, Bladder Campion, White Campion, Hound's-tongue, Lady's-bedstraw, Bur-chervil and Field Scabious.



Scheme area	Survey area (see Figure 2)	Results
	T27	Species poor semi-improved neutral grassland dominated by grasses including Rough Meadow-grass, Yorkshire Fog, Cock's-foot and Creeping Bent.
Sunnica West Site A	T1	A track with bare hardstanding, scattered grasses, tall ruderal herbs and ephemeral/short perennial vegetation. A diverse mix of 40 species is present including False Oat-grass <i>Arrhenatherum elatius</i> , Yarrow <i>Achillea millefolium</i> , Common Agrimony <i>Agrimonia eupatorium</i> , Field Madder <i>Sherardia arvensis</i> , Black Medick <i>Medicago lupulina</i> , Wild Carrot <i>Daucus carota</i> and Common Stork's-bill <i>Erodium cicutarium</i> . It is adjacent to arable crops and unmanaged, and likely to be subject to some spray drift and disturbance from farm machinery.
	T2	A track similar to T1 with some additional species including Wild Basil <i>Clinopodium vulgare</i> , Scentless Mayweed <i>Tripleurospermum inodorum</i> , Red Fescue <i>Festuca rubra aggregate</i> and Nodding Thistle <i>Carduus nutans</i> .
	T15	Short perennial/ephemeral and unmanaged semi-improved grassland along a largely disused access track. Species include Hedgerow Crane's-bill <i>Geranium pyrenaicum</i> , Yarrow, Common Cudweed <i>Filago germanica</i> , Lesser Trefoil <i>Trifolium dubium</i> , Viper's Bugloss, Cat's-ear, Dove's-foot Cranes-bill, Dark Mullein <i>Verbascum nigrum</i> , Great Brome and Cock's-foot.
Sunnica West Site B	ТЗ	A damp shallow ditch with marshy grassland/swamp vegetation transitioning to a species poor semi-improved grassland field. The area was cattle grazed later in the year and there are signs of previous cattle poaching. Species in the ditch include Yorkshire Fog <i>Holcus lanatus</i> , Lesser Pond Sedge <i>Carex acutiformis</i> , Hard Rush <i>Juncus inflexus</i> , Reed Canary Grass <i>Phalaris arundinacea</i> and Plicate Sweet-grass <i>Glyceria notata</i> . Occasional Hawthorn <i>Crataegus monogyna</i> scrub and scattered trees are present.
	T4	Mainly tall semi-improved neutral grassland (cut for hay), with a small area of more open and diverse sward adjacent to the River Snail. 32 species were recorded including False Oat-grass, Cock's-foot <i>Dactylis glomerata</i> , Ribwort Plantain <i>Plantago lanceolata</i> , Creeping Cinquefoil <i>Potentilla reptans</i> , Tufted Vetch <i>Vicia cracca</i> , Meadow Vetchling <i>Lathyrus pratensis</i> and Yorkshire Fog. It has affinity to NVC community type MG1a <i>Arrhenatherum elatius</i> grassland, <i>Festuca rubra</i> subcommunity.
	T5	Small areas of marshy grassland and swamp in a field, transitioning to semi-improved grassland in drier areas the south and east (including T4 grassland). Hard Rush, Common Couch <i>Elymus repens</i> , Yorkshire Fog, Hairy Sedge <i>Carex hirta</i> and Creeping Bent <i>Agrostis stolonifera</i> are frequent. This area has affinity to NVC community type MG10b <i>Holcus lanatus - Juncus effusus</i> rush pasture, <i>Juncus inflexus</i> subcommunity. Reed Canary Grass is locally more abundant or dominant in places. These areas have affinity to NVC community type S28 <i>Phalaris arundinacea</i> tall herb-fen.



Scheme area	Survey area (see Figure 2)	Results
Grid Connection Route B	T17	Drainage ditch with marginal / emergent vegetation including Fool's Water-cress <i>Apium nodiflorum</i> , Fat Duckweed <i>Lemna gibba</i> , Common Reed, Water-cress <i>Nasturtium officinale</i> and Common Comfrey <i>Symphytum officinale</i> .
Grid Connection Route B	T18	Drainage ditch with marginal / emergent vegetation dominated by a fringe of common reed. Occasional Reed Sweet-grass <i>Glyceria maxima</i> .
	T19	Grassland verge/hedge bank with Hedge Bedstraw <i>Galium album</i> , Germander Speedwell <i>Veronica chamaedrys</i> , Wood False-brome <i>Brachypodium sylvatica</i> adjacent to a species rich hedgerow.
	T20	Semi-improved neutral set-aside grassland alongside an arable field with Hedge Bedstraw, Rough Meadow-grass <i>Poa trivialis</i> , Smooth Meadow-grass <i>Poa pratensis</i> , Ribwort Plantain, Cow Parsley, Germander Speedwell, Cock's-foot, Cowslip <i>Primula veris</i> , Common Ragwort, White Clover <i>Trifolium repens</i> , Creeping Buttercup <i>Ranunculus repens</i> , Ground-ivy <i>Glechoma hederacea</i> , Bristly Ox-tongue and Common Vetch <i>Vicia sativa</i> subsp <i>segetalis</i> .
	T21	Small wet field drain with some marginal / emergent vegetation comprising Common Reed and Soft Rush.
	T22	Semi-improved calcareous seeded grassland along a road verge embankment. Not surveyed in detail as along the active highway. Grassland seed mix and new hedge planting. Species include Wild Marjoram, Wild Carrot <i>Daucus carota</i> , Red Fescue, Ox-eye Daisy <i>Leucanthemum vulgare</i> , Hedge Bedstraw, Tall Fescue <i>Schedonorus arundinaceus</i> , Hoary Plantain <i>Plantago media</i> , Viper's-bugloss and Field Scabious.
	T23	Small area of recently disturbed semi-improved neutral to acidic grassland next to a field margin. Species include Great Brome, Blue Fleabane <i>Erigeron acris</i> , Wild Carrot, Soft Brome <i>Bromus hordeaceus</i> subsp. <i>hordeaceus</i> , Sticky Mouse-ear <i>Cerastium glomeratum</i> and Common Cudweed.



Scheme area	Survey area (see Figure 2)	Results					
	T24	The River Snail with marginal / emergent vegetation. Species include Common Reed, Branched Bur-reed <i>Sparganium erectum</i> , Fool's Water-cress, Water Starwort <i>Callitriche</i> species, Water forget-me-not <i>Myosotis scorpioides</i> and Yellowiris <i>Iris pseudacorus</i> .					
Notes on Table 4-2: T11 has been removed following Scheme boundary changes as it is outside of the Order limits							

Planning Inspectorate Scheme Ref: EN010106 Application Document Ref: EN010106/APP/6.2



#### Arable flora

- 4.2.2 The margins of all arable fields within the Order limits were searched for species of scarce arable flora. A total of 22 arable fields (AF2 to 26, see **Figure 2**, Annex A) were found to contain or had potential to contain scarce arable flora and were surveyed. The results are presented in **Table 4-3** with field locations shown on **Figure 2**, Annex A. Field AF15 was assessed based on the results of the Phase 1 habitat survey undertaken in 2018 (Ref 1) as there was no arable flora present here in 2019 (due to a change in crop type). Other fields were either not in cultivation, e.g. pig fields with bare soil or had no potential or visible for arable flora, e.g. sown field margins, or sprayed margins.
- 4.2.3 One field (AF11) is rated to be of county importance, eight fields are rated to be of district importance and 15 fields are of local importance for scarce arable flora. The remaining three fields surveyed and other arable fields within the Scheme did not contain any scarce arable flora. Nineteen species of scarce arable flora were recorded in the fields surveyed. These included four higher scoring species (7+):
  - a. Corn Chamomile *Anthemis arvensis* classified as Endangered in the UK and England (Stroh, *et al.* 2015 (Ref 11), Mcleod, *et al.* 2017 (Ref 15));
  - b. Corn Spurrey *Spergula arvensis* and Corn Marigold *Glebionis segetum* both classified as Vulnerable in the UK and England; and
  - Fine-leaved Fumitory Fumaria parviflora classified as Vulnerable in the UK and Near Threatened in England and is a Nationally Scarce species (Stace, 2019) (Ref 13).
- 4.2.4 There were two other scoring species classified as Near Threatened in the UK and England; Wild Pansy *Viola tricolour* sub-species *tricolor* and Common Cudweed. Other scoring species are listed as Least Concern in the Red Data Lists.

Table 4-3: Results of the survey for scarce arable flora

Scheme area	Field	Crop	Score and geographic importance	Scarce arable flora present with DAFOR# and score
Sunnica East Site A	AF14	Onion	n/a	None
Sunnica East Site A	AF19	Sugar beet	Local (2)	Geranium pusillum F (2)
	AF20	Onions	Local (3)	Roemeria hybrida R (3)
	AF21	Sugar beet	Local (2)	Geranium pusillum F (2)
Sunnica East Site B	AF2	Sugar beet	District (10)	Lycopsis arvensis O (1) Descurainia sophia O (3) Lamium amplexicaule R (1) Roemeria hybridum R (3) Veronica polita O (2)
	AF3	Sweetcorn	Local (4)	Lycopsis arvensis F (1) Descurainia sophia O (3)
Sunnica East Site B	AF7	Sweetcorn	District (13)	Descurainia sophia O (3)



Scheme area	Field	Crop	Score and geographic importance	Scarce arable flora present with DAFOR# and score
				Fumaria parviflora R (7) 1 plant at TL 70277 275 Geranium columbinum R (2) Lamium amplexicaule O (1)
Sunnica East Site B	AF16	Sugar beet	District (13)	Lycopsis arvensis R (1) Anthriscus caucalis F (3) Descurainia sophia O (3) Viola tricolor sub-species tricolor R (6)
Sunnica East Site B	AF17	Onion	District (11)	Lycopsis arvensis O (1) Anthriscus caucalis O (3) Spergula arvensis R (7) 8 plants TL69187178
	AF18	Wheat	District (12)	Anthriscus caucalis O (3) Spergula arvensis R (7) 12 plants TL69197105 Veronica polita R (2)
Sunnica East Site B	AF22	Onion	Local (6)	Lycopsis arvensis O (1) Anthriscus caucalis O to F (3) Geranium pusillum R (2)
	AF23	Wheat	Local (6)	Lycopsis arvensis R (1) Anthriscus caucalis F (3) Geranium pusillum R (2)
	AF24	Wheat	Local (5)	Anthriscus caucalis F (3) Geranium pusillum R (2)
	AF25	Onion	n/a	None
Grid Connection A	AF31	Sweetcorn	District (12)	Anthriscus caucalis O (3) Filago germanica R (6) Geranium pusillum R (2) Lycopsis arvensis R (1)
Sunnica West Site A	AF8 AF9	Potato Wheat	n/a District (10)	None  Anthemis arvensis R (8) 1 plant at TL 6766 6811
	AF10	Barley/Rye	Local (1)	Veronica polita R (2) Lycopsis arvensis O (1)
	AF11	Wheat	County (23)	Lycopsis arvensis O (1) Descurainia sophia O (3) Filago germanica R (6) Glebionis segetum O-F (7) approximately 100 plants along south and east



Scheme area	Field	Crop	Score and geographic importance	Scarce arable flora present with DAFOR# and score
				margins at TL 6729 6689 & TL 6751 6701  Viola tricolor sub-species tricolor* F-A (6)
Sunnica West Site A	AF13	Sugar beet	Local (8)	Lycopsis arvensis R (1) Fumaria parviflora O (7) 4 plants at TL 6862 6833 Lamium amplexicaule R (1)
Sunnica West Site A	AF15 (surveyed 2018, see notes)	Sugar beet	Local (5)	Kickxia elatine R (3) Kickxia spuria R (2)
Sunnica West Site A	AF26	Oil-seed rape	Local (1)	Lycopsis arvensis O (1) Lamium amplexicaule O (1) Geranium pusillum R (2)
Sunnica West Site B	AF12	Onion	Local (6)	Descurainia sophia R (3) Geranium columbinum O (2) Lamium amplexicaule R (1)
Burwell National Grid Substation Extension	AF27	Beet	District (19)	Chaenorhinum minus R (1) Euphorbia exigua O (6) Fumaria parviflora R (7) 2 plants at TL 5770 6728 Kickxia elatine R (3) Kickxia spuria O (2)
Grid Connection B	AF28	Broad-beans	Local (1)	Chaenorhinum minus R (1)
	AF29	Wheat	Local (1)	Sherardia arvensis R (1)
	AF30	None	Local (4)	Lycopsis arvensis O (1) Geranium pusillum R (2) Sherardia arvensis R (1)

Notes on Table 4-3: # DAFOR: D=Dominant, A=Abundant, F=Frequent, O=Occasional, R=Rare; \* The hybrid *Viola x contempta* also present (not scoring); AF1, AF4, AF5 and AF6 have been removed following Scheme boundary changes as they are outside of the Order limits

#### Other arable flora records

- 4.2.5 During the Phase 1 habitat survey in 2018 (Ref 1) a Sugar Beet field (shown as AF15 on **Figure 2**, Annex A) at Sunnica West Site A (OS Grid Ref. TL 660 670) was found to contain two threshold scoring species; Sharp-leaved Fluellen *Kickxia elatine* (2 points) and Round-leaved Fluellen *Kickxia spuria* (3 points) and is therefore assessed as local importance. The crop in this field in 2019 was Wheat and no scoring species were seen.
- 4.2.6 A few arable flora 'scoring' species were also present along banks close to fields and in set-aside areas such which add to the value of the overall site. These included Flixweed *Descurainia sophia* and Bur-chervil *Anthriscus caucalis*.



#### Other flora species

- 4.2.7 A survey was undertaken in early July 2019 and late May 2020 for the WCA Schedule 8 and Endangered Grass-poly *Lythrum hyssopifolium* which has previously been recorded (in 2001) within Chippenham Avenue Fields CWS (see **Figure 3**, Annex A). The fields in 2019 and 2020 comprised intensively managed Wheat and there was no sign of this species. There is potential for it to occur in future if the land use changes and conditions are favourable for germination as the seed is very long-lived (Plantlife) (Ref 24).
- 4.2.8 There are nearby records of the Schedule 8 Cambridge Milk-parsley close to Sunnica West Site B (in designated sites), and as there is some potentially suitable habitat for this species within the Site, its presence in future is possible.
- 4.2.9 No invasive (WCA Schedule 9) or protected (WCA Schedule 8) plant species were noted during the surveys. Due to their inherent invasive nature the possibility in the future of Schedule 9 species within the Site cannot be ruled out. It should be noted that a detailed survey of all the habitats within the Site, such as wetlands and woodland, for Schedule 9 invasive non-native species has not been undertaken as they are retained (see limitations).

### **Hedgerows**

- 4.2.10 A total of 58 hedgerows were surveyed (see **Table 4-4**) within the Order limits and the location of these are presented in **Figure 3**.
- 4.2.11 Of the 58 hedgerows surveyed, 30 hedgerows did not meet the initial criteria (*i.e.* over 30 years old, longer than 20m etc), one hedgerow (H15) was classified as 'Important' in terms of landscape and wildlife criteria under the Hedgerow Regulations and the other 27 hedgerows were classified as 'not important'.
- 4.2.12 Hedgerow H15 is species-rich (*i.e.* an average of 5 species or more), with important associated features. All other hedgerows are species-poor.



# **Table 4-4: Assessment of hedgerows within the Order limits**

Hedgerow Number (with reference to Figure 3)	criteria	Approximate Length (m)	Next to footpath or bridleway	Average Number of woody species per 30m section		Summary of woody species recorded within any 30m section		Hedgerow classified as 'Important' under the Regulations
H1	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H2	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H3	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H4	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H5	Yes	480	No	1.33	2	Elm sp, Common Hawthorn	Species-poor	No
H6	Yes	530	No	1.33	2	Common Hawthorn, Rosa sp.	Species-poor	No
H7	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H8	Yes	300	No	1.00	1	Common Hawthorn	Species-poor	No
H9	Yes	430	No	1.00	1	Common Hawthorn	Species-poor	No
H10	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H11	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H12a	Yes	130	No	0.67	1	Elm sp.	Species-poor	No
H12b	Yes	140	No	0.67	1	Elm sp.	Species-poor	No
H13	Yes	180	No	1.00	2	Elm sp. Beech	Species-poor	No
H14	Yes	660	No	2.33	3	Elm sp. Common Hawthorn, Salix sp,	Species-poor	No



Hedgerow Number (with reference to Figure 3)	criteria	Approximate Length (m)	Next to footpath or bridleway	Average Number of woody species per 30m section		Summary of woody species recorded within any 30m section		Hedgerow classified as 'Important' under the Regulations
H15	Yes	570	No	5.00	5	Elm sp, Field Rose, Beech, Common Hawthorn, Wild Privet, Blackthorn	Species-rich	Yes
H16	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H17	Yes	430	No	1.00	1	Common Hawthorn	Species-poor	No
H18	Yes	260	No	2.67	3	Common Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Elm sp.	Species-poor	No
H19	Yes	210	No	1.67	2	Common Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Elm sp.	Species-poor	No
H20	Yes	270	No	1.67	2	Common Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Elm sp	Species-poor	No
H21	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H22	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H23	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H24	Yes	230	No	2.67	4	Common Hawthorn, Elm	Species-poor	No



Hedgerow Number (with reference to Figure 3)	criteria	Approximate Length (m)	Next to footpath or bridleway	Average Number of woody species per 30m section	Maximum woody species recorded within a 30m section	Summary of woody species recorded within any 30m section		Hedgerow classified as 'Important' under the Regulations
						sp, Wild Privet, Rosa sp		
H25	Yes	230	No	3.00	4	Common Hawthorn, Elm sp, Rosa sp, Wild Privet	Species-poor	No
H26	Yes	240	No	3.67	4	Common Hawthorn, Elm sp, Rosa sp, Wild Privet	Species-poor	No
H27	Yes	240	No	3.33	4	Common Hawthorn, Elm sp, Rosa sp, Wild Privet	Species-poor	No
H28	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H29	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H30	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H31	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H32	Yes	395	No	2.33	4	Common Hawthorn, Elm sp, Rosa sp, Blackthorn	Species-poor	No
H33	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H34	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H35	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No



Hedgerow Number (with reference to Figure 3)	criteria	Approximate Length (m)	Next to footpath or bridleway	Average Number of woody species per 30m section	Maximum woody species recorded within a 30m section	Summary of woody species recorded within any 30m section		Hedgerow classified as 'Important' under the Regulations
H36	Yes	430	No	1.00	1	Common Hawthorn	Species-poor	No
H37	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H38	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H39	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H40	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H41	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H42	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H43	Yes	650	No	1.67	2	Common Hawthorn, Rosa sp.	Species-poor	No
H44	Yes	260	No	1.67	2	Common Hawthorn, Rosa sp, Blackthorn	Species-poor	No
H45	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H46	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H47	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H48	Yes	520	No	1.00	1	Common Hawthorn	Species-poor	No
H49	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H50	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No
H51	Yes	520	Yes	2.67	3	Common Hawthorn, Rosa sp, Blackthorn	Species-poor	No



Hedgerow Number (with reference to Figure 3)	criteria	Approximate Length (m)	Next to footpath or bridleway	Average Number of woody species per 30m section		recorded within any 30m section		Hedgerow classified as 'Important' under the Regulations
H52	Yes	190	No	2.00	4	Common Hawthorn, Rosa sp, Blackthorn, Ash	Species-poor	No
H53	Yes	145	No	1.00	2	Common Hawthorn, Rosa sp,	Species-poor	No
H54	Yes	305	No	2.33	3	Common Hawthorn, Rosa sp, Blackthorn	Species-poor	No
H55	Yes	190	No	0.67	1	Common Hawthorn	Species-poor	No
H32a	Yes	80	No	0.67	2	Common Hawthorn, Elm sp	Species-poor	No
H32b	No	-	-	-	-	-	-	No



# 5 Evaluation of biodiversity importance

### 5.1 Grasslands

5.1.1 Based on the evaluation of the grassland surveyed (including swamp vegetation) against the criteria provided, these grasslands range from local to county biodiversity importance (see summary in **Table 5-1** and locations on **Figure 2**, Annex A). An evaluation is provided below, including an assessment against priority habitat criteria where relevant.

Table 5-1: Habitat biodiversity importance

Scheme area	Survey area (see Figure 2)	Habitat type	Approximate area (ha)	Biodiversity importance
Sunnica East Site A	T10c	Set-aside field with bare ground and scattered tall ruderal herbs and grasses	3.1	Local
Sunnica East Site B	T6, T8 and T13	Acid grassland U1 Festuca ovina-Agrostis capillaris-Rumex acetosa grassland with up to three Nationally Scarce species.	11.7	County
Sunnica East Site B	T7, T9	Acid grassland SD10 Carex arenaria dune community	0.5	County
Sunnica East Site B	T10a/b	Drain with S4 <i>Phragmites</i> australis swamp and reed-beds	<0.1	District
Sunnica East Site B	T12	Semi-improved grassland acid to calcareous grassland	0.6	District
Sunnica East Site B	T14	Tall unmanaged grassland and ruderal herbs with calcareous influences, with two Nationally Scarce species.	1.1	County
Sunnica East Site B	T16	Short perennial/ephemeral and unmanaged semi-improved grassland	<0.1	Local
Grid Connection Route A	T25	Semi-improved species-poor neutral grassland	0.8	Local
Sunnica West Site A (south-east)	T1, T2	Scattered grasses, tall ruderal herbs and ephemeral/short perennial vegetation	0.9	Local
Sunnica West Site A (south-east)	T15	Short perennial/ephemeral and unmanaged semi-improved grassland	<0.1	Local
Sunnica West Site B (north-west)	Т3	Marshy grassland/swamp	<0.1	District
Sunnica West Site B (north-west)	Т4	Semi-improved grassland MG1a Arrhenatherum elatius grassland, Festuca rubra subcommunity	<0.1	Local
Sunnica West Site B (north-west)	T5	Semi-improved grassland/marshy grassland	0.7	District



Scheme area	Survey area (see Figure 2)	Habitat type	Approximate area (ha)	Biodiversity importance
		and swamp comprising MG10b Holcus lanatus-Juncus effusus rush pasture, Juncus inflexus subcommunity and S28 Phalaris arundinacea tall herbfen		
Grid Connection Route B	T17	Drainage ditch with marginal / emergent vegetation (see Aquatic Ecology Chapter 8D).	0.05	Local
	T18	Drainage ditch with marginal / emergent vegetation (see Aquatic Ecology Chapter 8D).	0.05	Local
	T19	Grassland verge/hedge bank	0.02	Local
	T20	Semi-improved neutral set- aside grassland	0.3	Local
	T21	Small field drain with some marginal / emergent vegetation	0.03	Local
	T22	Semi-improved calcareous seeded grassland along road.	0.3	Local
	T23	Semi-improved neutral to acidic grassland	0.07	Local
	T24	The River Snail (see Aquatic Ecology Chapter 8D).	0.1	County
	T26	Semi-improved neutral to acidic grass verge.	0.06	Local
	T27	Species poor semi-improved neutral grassland.	0.53	Local

#### **County importance**

- 5.1.2 Each of the acid grassland habitats in Sunnica East Site B are rated as being of County importance. T6, T8 and T13 are categorised as U1 Festuca ovina-Agrostis capillaris-Rumex acetosa grassland and T7 and T9 are categorised as SD10 Carex arenaria dune community. All are examples of lowland dry acid grassland priority habitat (as defined under Section 41 of the NERC Act) (Maddock, 2011) (Ref 25). Approximately 30% of T6 is already designated as a County Wildlife Site. There are three Nationally Scarce plant species recorded during the survey in these areas; Bearded Fescue, Sand Catchfly and Bur Medick as well as a NERC Act Section 41 species, Annual Knawel and an uncommon species, Smooth Cat's-ear (Stace, 2019) (Ref 13). All these acid grassland habitats are located within the same local area and are mostly adjoined to each other within the Sunnica East Site B and cover a combined 12.16 hectares (ha).
- 5.1.3 To the south of Sunnica East Site B, at T14, there is approximately 1 ha of tall unmanaged grassland and ruderal herbs with calcareous influences, with two Nationally Scarce species present. Whilst not matching an NVC community type, it contains characteristic species and is an example of lowland calcareous grassland priority habitat (as defined under Section 41 of the NERC Act) (Maddock, 2011) (Ref 25). Based on this habitat type and size, along with the presence of two

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Nationally Scarce plant species, Sickle Medick and Sand Lucerne, it is classified as of County Importance.

5.1.4 The River Snail (T24) is an example of Rivers Priority Habitat type and likely to be of up to County Value. Aquatic habitats are assessed further in Appendix 8E of the ES.

### **District importance**

- 5.1.5 In Sunnica West Site B are two sites of district importance, comprising a small area (<0.1 ha) of marshy grassland/swamp at T3 and a 0.5 ha mosaic of semi-improved grassland/marshy grassland MG10b Holcus lanatus-Juncus effusus rush pasture, Juncus inflexus subcommunity and swamp S28 Phalaris arundinacea tall herb-fen. These are examples of floodplain and grazing marsh priority habitat (as defined under S41 of the NERC Act) (Maddock, 2011) (Ref 25). Whilst their size and species composition does not raise these habitats to County importance, mainly because they would not qualify as a County Wildlife Site (Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Panel, 2014) (Ref 21), they are higher than local importance for biodiversity.
- 5.1.6 Another site of district importance is nearby at Sunnica East B, T12, which comprises a small area (0.6ha) of semi-improved grassland acid to calcareous grassland with a local species of interest, Cat Mint (classified as a CPASI).
- 5.1.7 In the north of Sunnica East Site A at T10 is a drain (approximately 0.1 ha) with S4 Phragmites australis swamp and reed-beds. This is an example of reedbed priority habitat (as defined under Section 41 of the NERC Act) (Maddock, 2011) (Ref 25). Due to its small size, it would not meet Country Wildlife Site level criteria (Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Panel, 2014) (Ref 21), but it is of higher than local importance due to the lack of this type of habitat on site.

## **Local importance**

5.1.8 All other habitats surveyed are of local importance (T1, T2, T4, T10c, T15, T16 to T23 and T25 to T27). These comprise semi-improved grassland, tall ruderal herbs, drainage ditches and ephemeral and, or short perennial vegetation. Whilst they have biodiversity value, they lack the size, species diversity or presence of rare and, or scarce species to be considered of district or higher biodiversity importance.

#### 5.2 Arable flora

- 5.2.1 The biodiversity importance of the arable field margins for their arable flora is classified in accordance with the assessment method and shown in the results (**Table 4-2**). This is summarised below. See **Figure 2**, Appendix A for locations.
- 5.2.2 The following field is of county importance:
  - a. AF11 Sunnica West Site A.
- 5.2.3 The following fields are of district importance:
  - a. AF2, AF7, AF16, AF17, AF18 Sunnica East Site B;
  - b. AF9 Sunnica West Site A;



- c. AF27 Burwell Substation; and
- d. AF31 Grid Connection A.
- 5.2.4 The following fields are of local importance:
  - a. AF19, AF20, AF21 Sunnica East Site A;
  - b. AF3, AF22, AF23, AF24 Sunnica East Site B;
  - c. AF10, AF13, AF15, AF26 Sunnica West Site A;
  - d. AF12 Sunnica West Site B; and
  - e. AF28, AF29, AF30 Grid Connection B.
- 5.2.5 The remaining arable fields present within the Site are not classified (i.e. less than local importance), but they do contribute to the overall arable flora interest of the Site and may contain rare/scarce arable flora in future as this depends on individual field management and crop type.

# 5.3 Hedgerows

- 5.3.1 All hedgerows that will be impacted upon by the Scheme were surveyed for their 'importance' under the Hedgerow Regulations. One hedgerow, H15, is classified as 'important' and species-rich. H15 is located on the Sunnica West Site A, in Cambridgeshire and meets the criteria for CWS selection in Cambridgeshire: "hedgerow systems at least 500m. in length and more than 2m. in width, with 5 or more woody species, and with at least part of the hedgerow allowed to flower and fruit". Therefore, H15 is of **county** nature conservation importance.
- 5.3.2 No other important or species-rich hedgerows are present within the Order limits. Therefore, with the exception of H15, all other hedgerows within the Order limits are of **Local** nature conservation importance.

# SUNNICO energy farm

# 6 References

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# **Annex A** Figures & Photographs

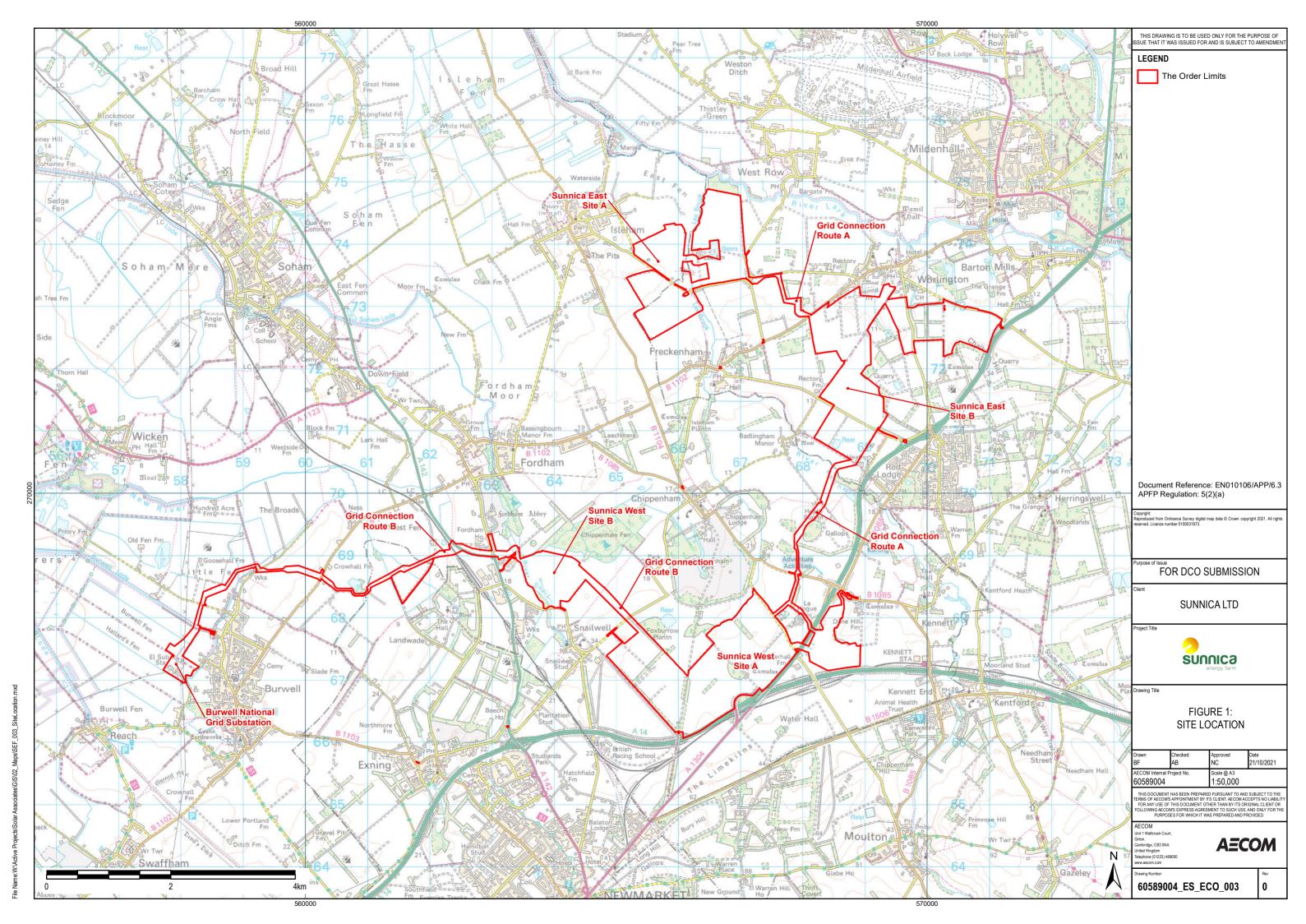
Sunnica Energy Farm Environmental Statement Appendix 8C: Terrestrial Habitats and Flora Report

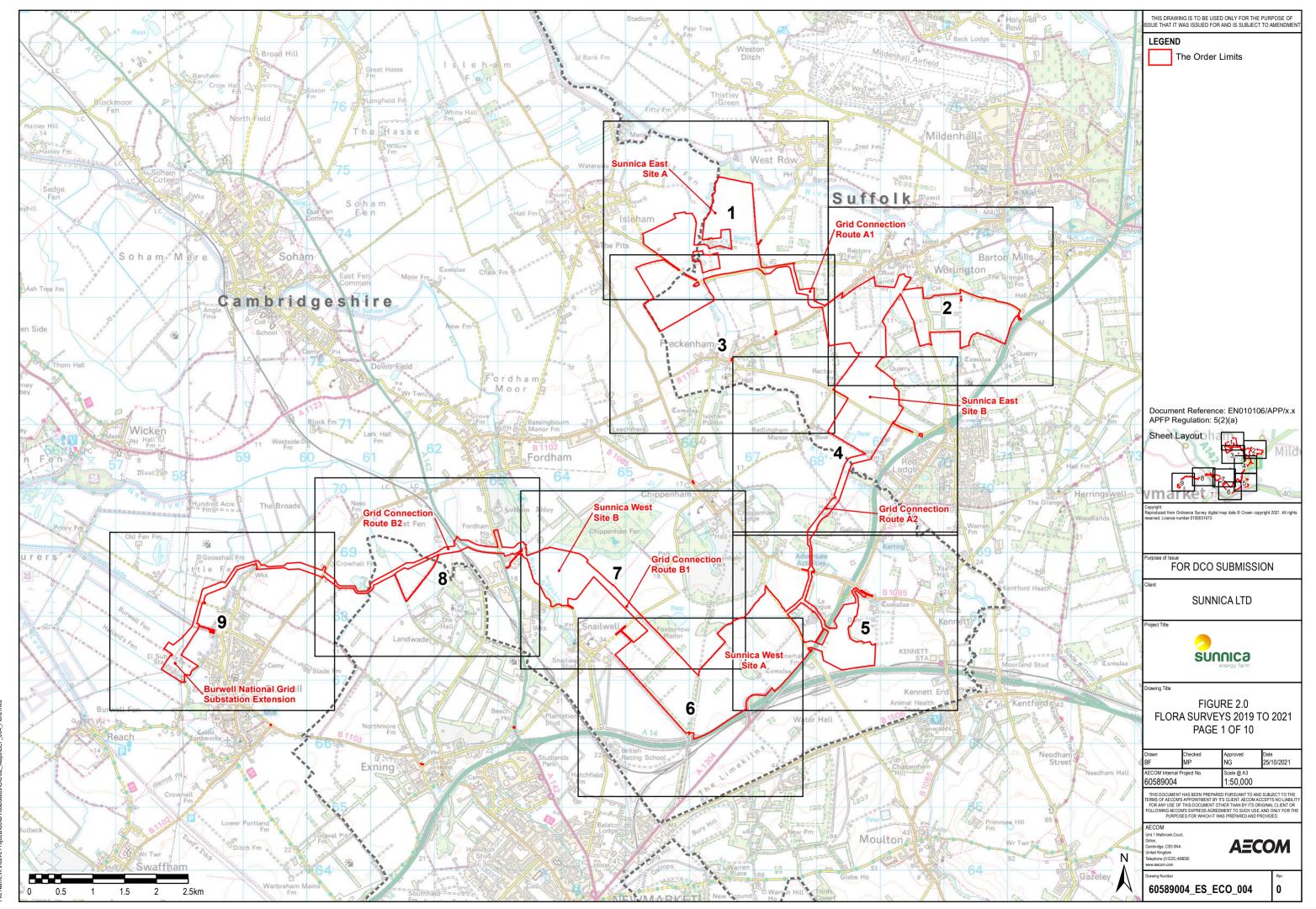


Figure 1. Order limits boundary

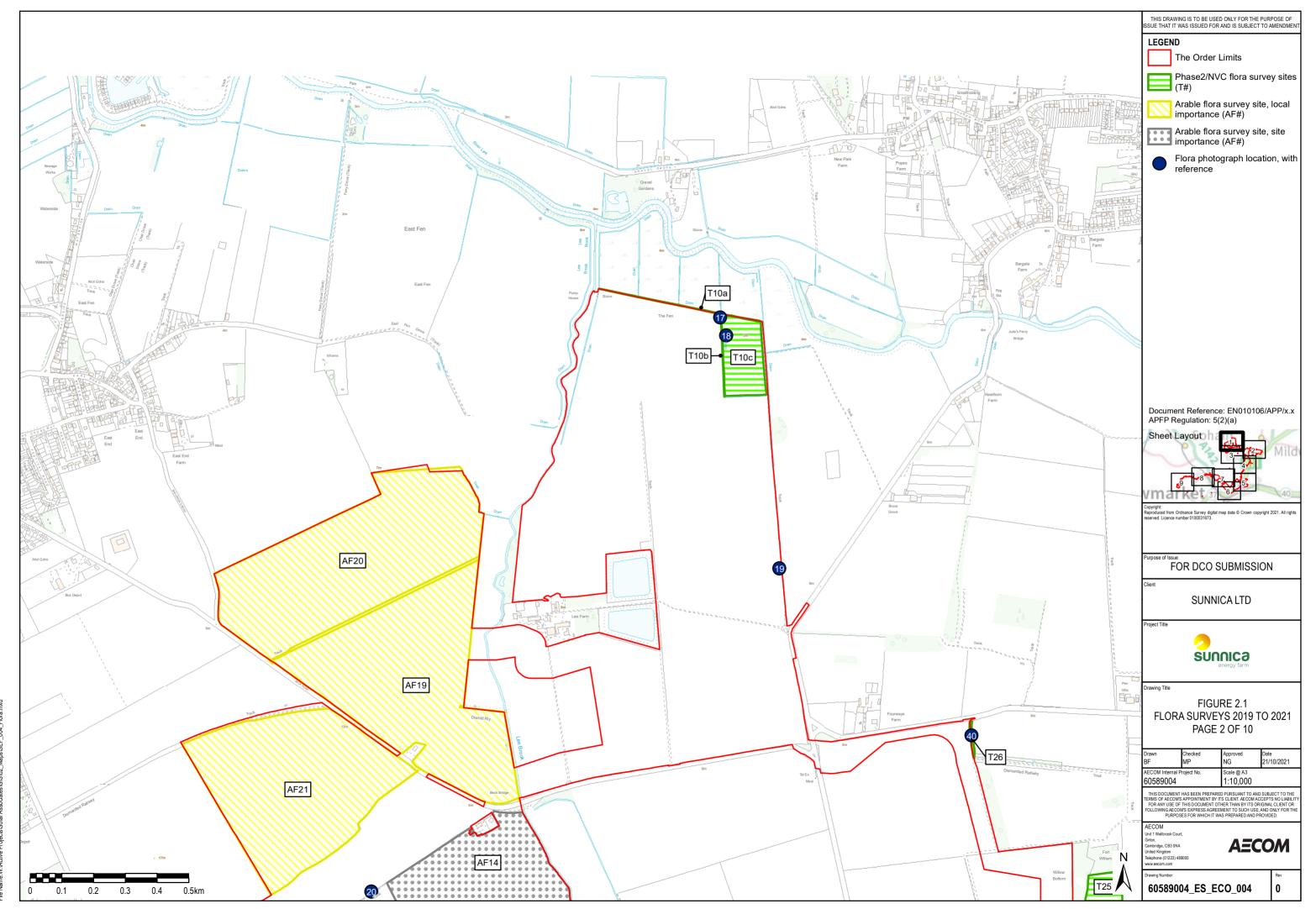
Figure 2. NVC and arable flora survey sites

Figure 3. Hedgerow survey

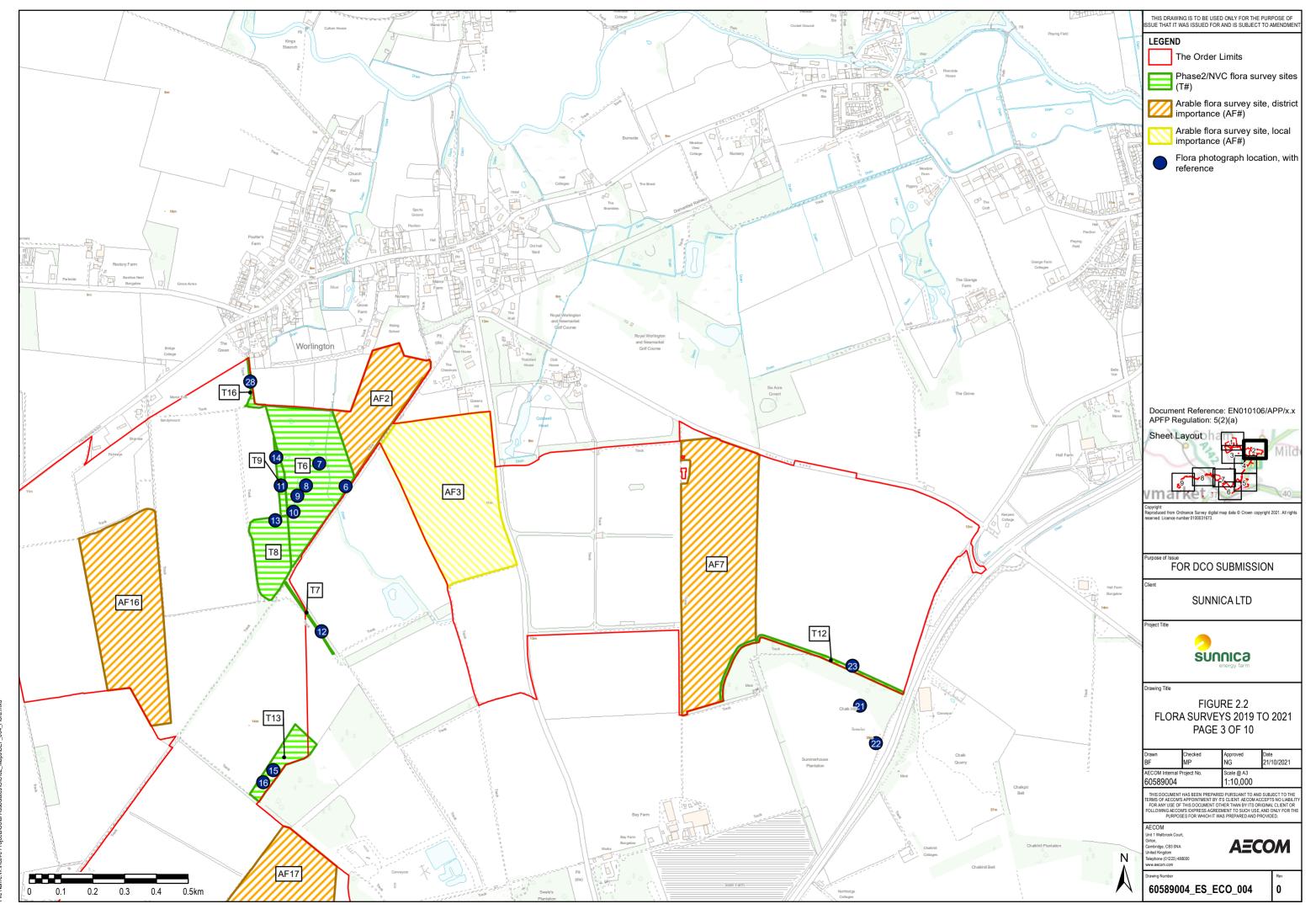




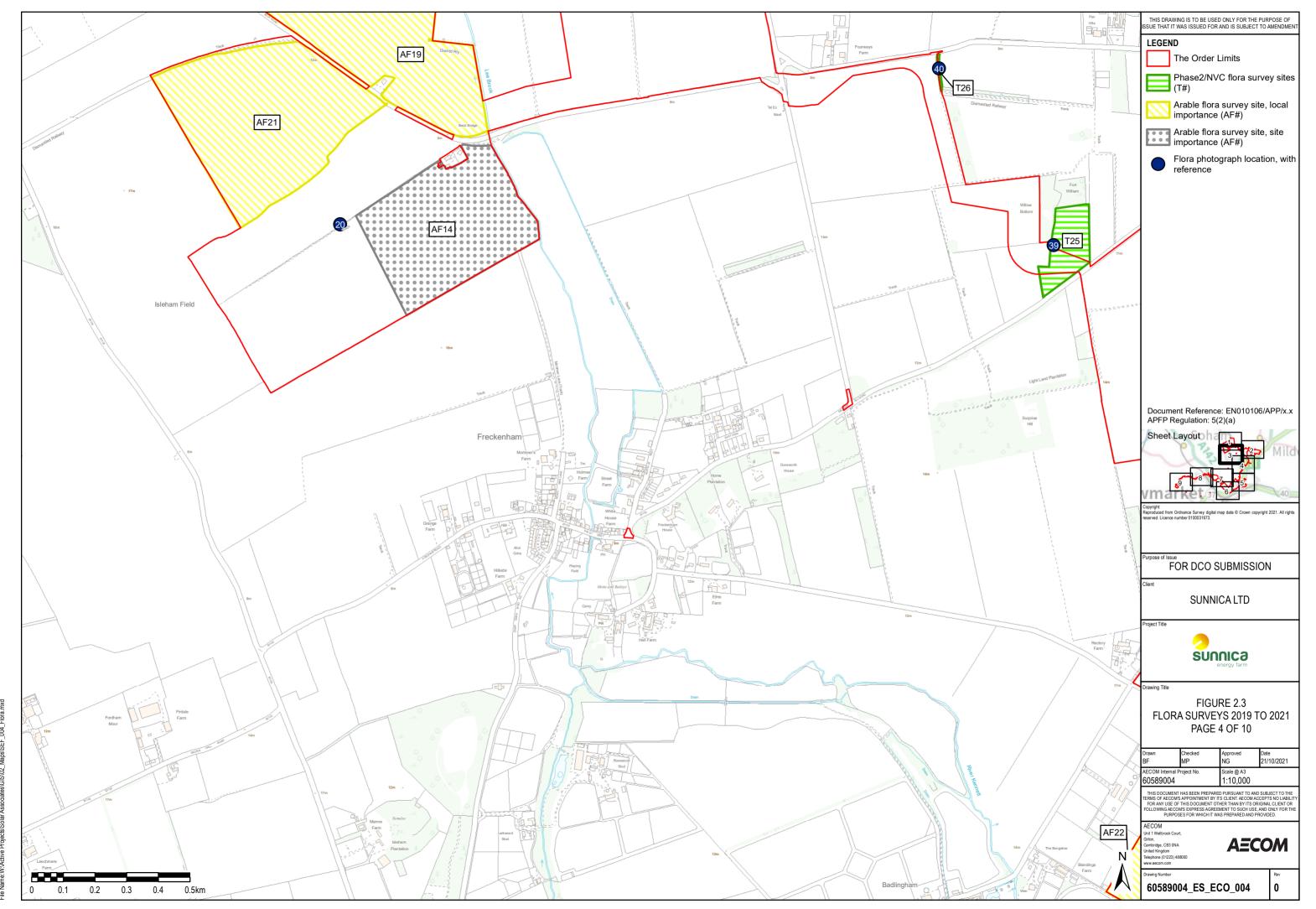
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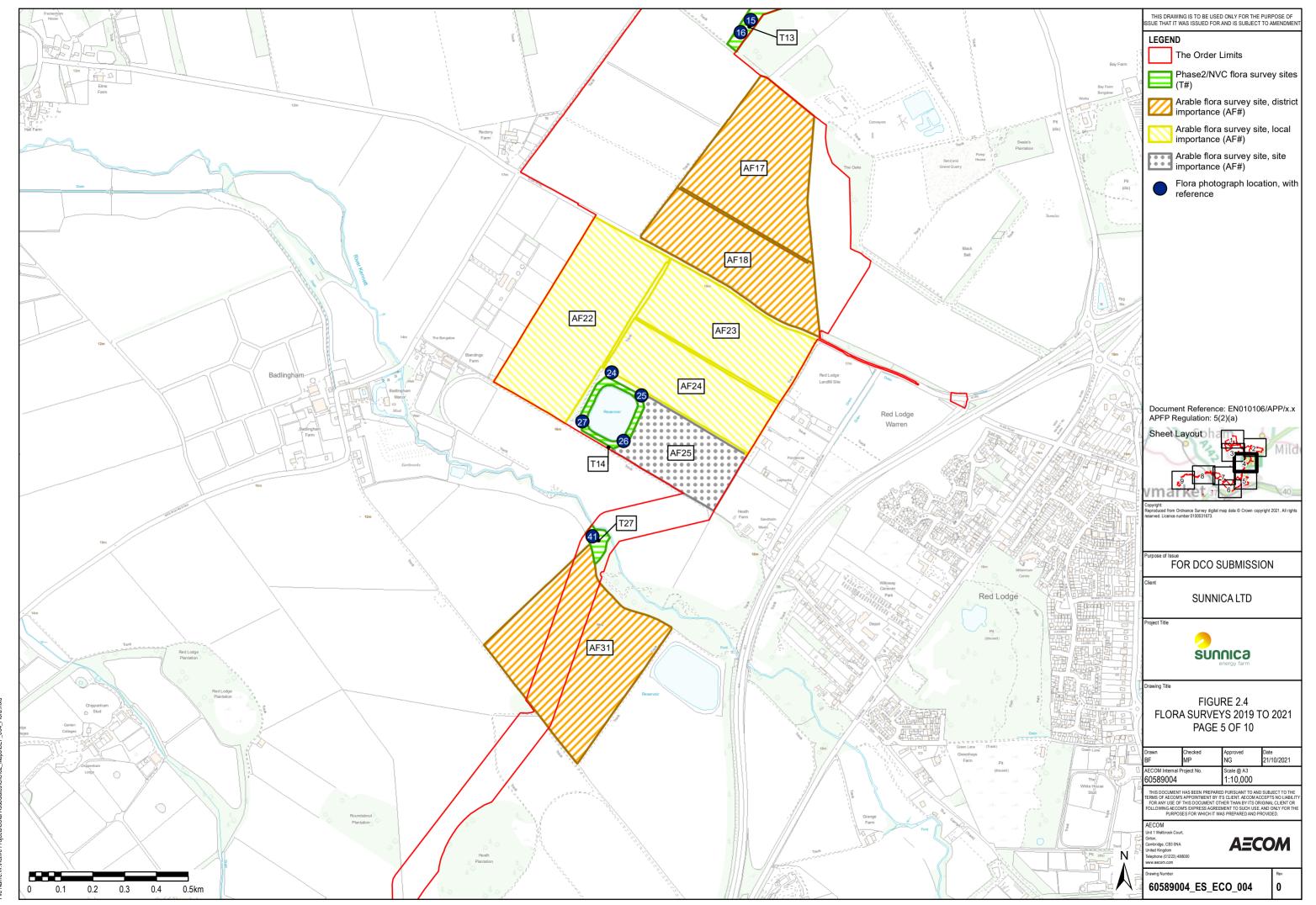
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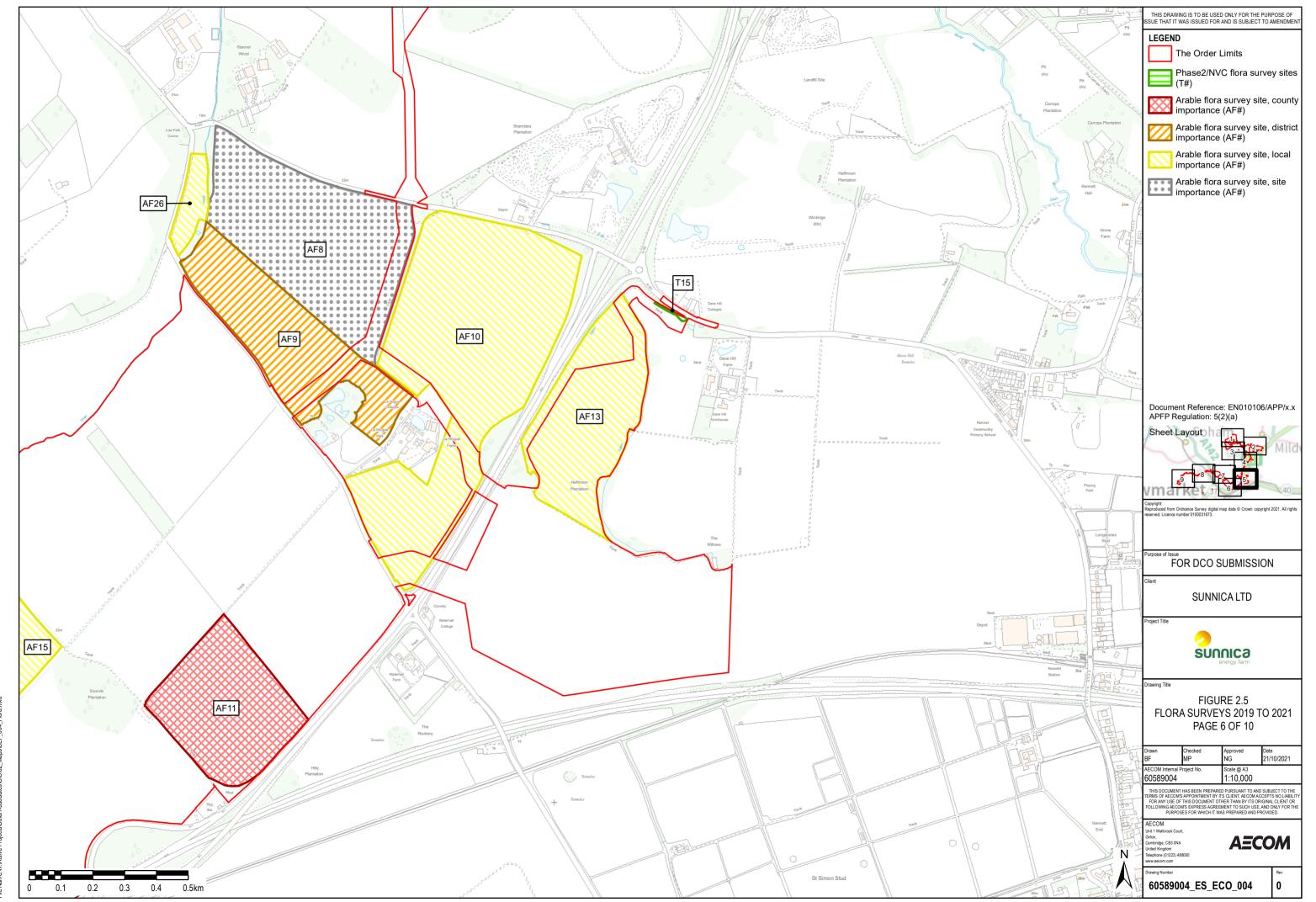
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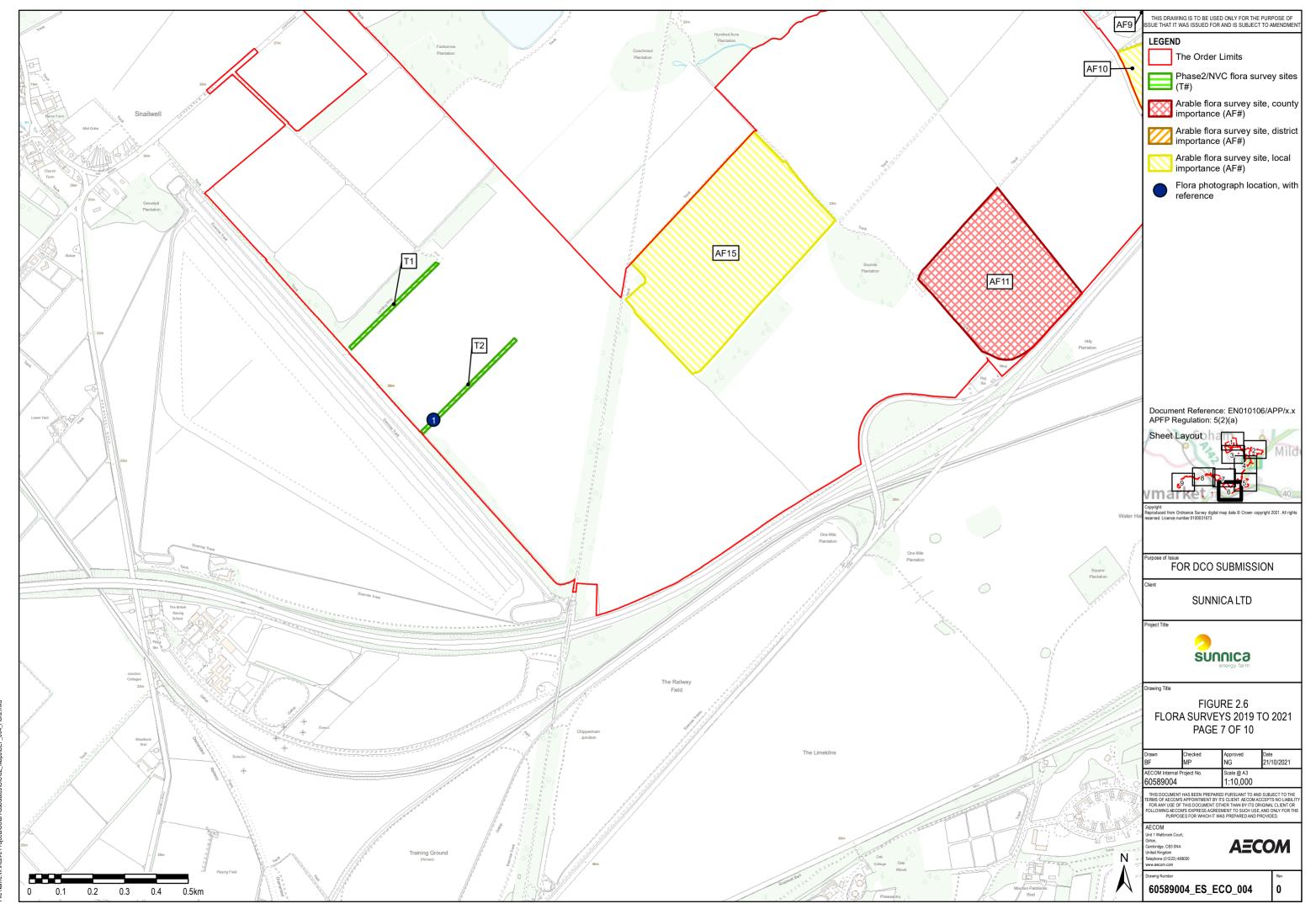
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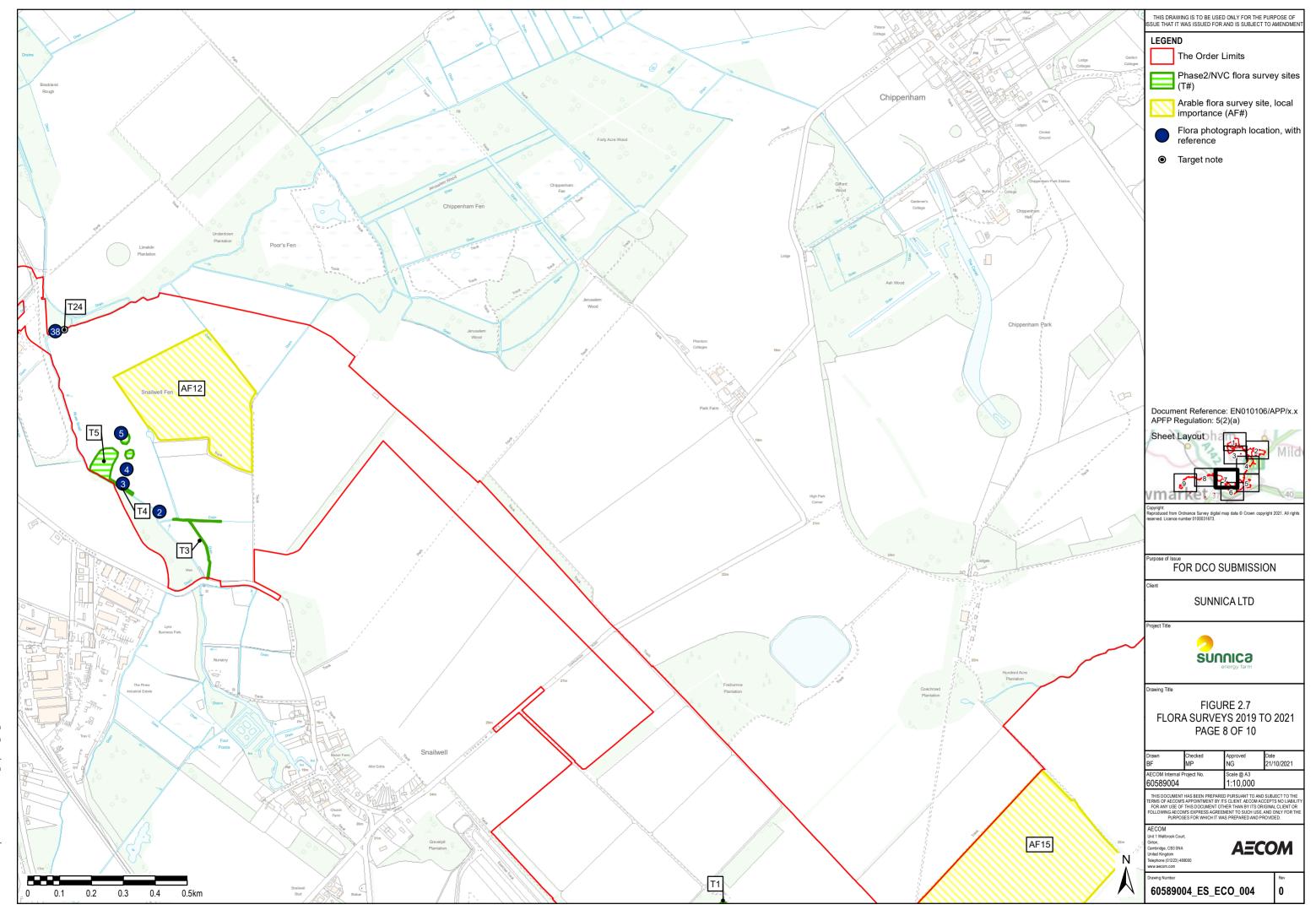
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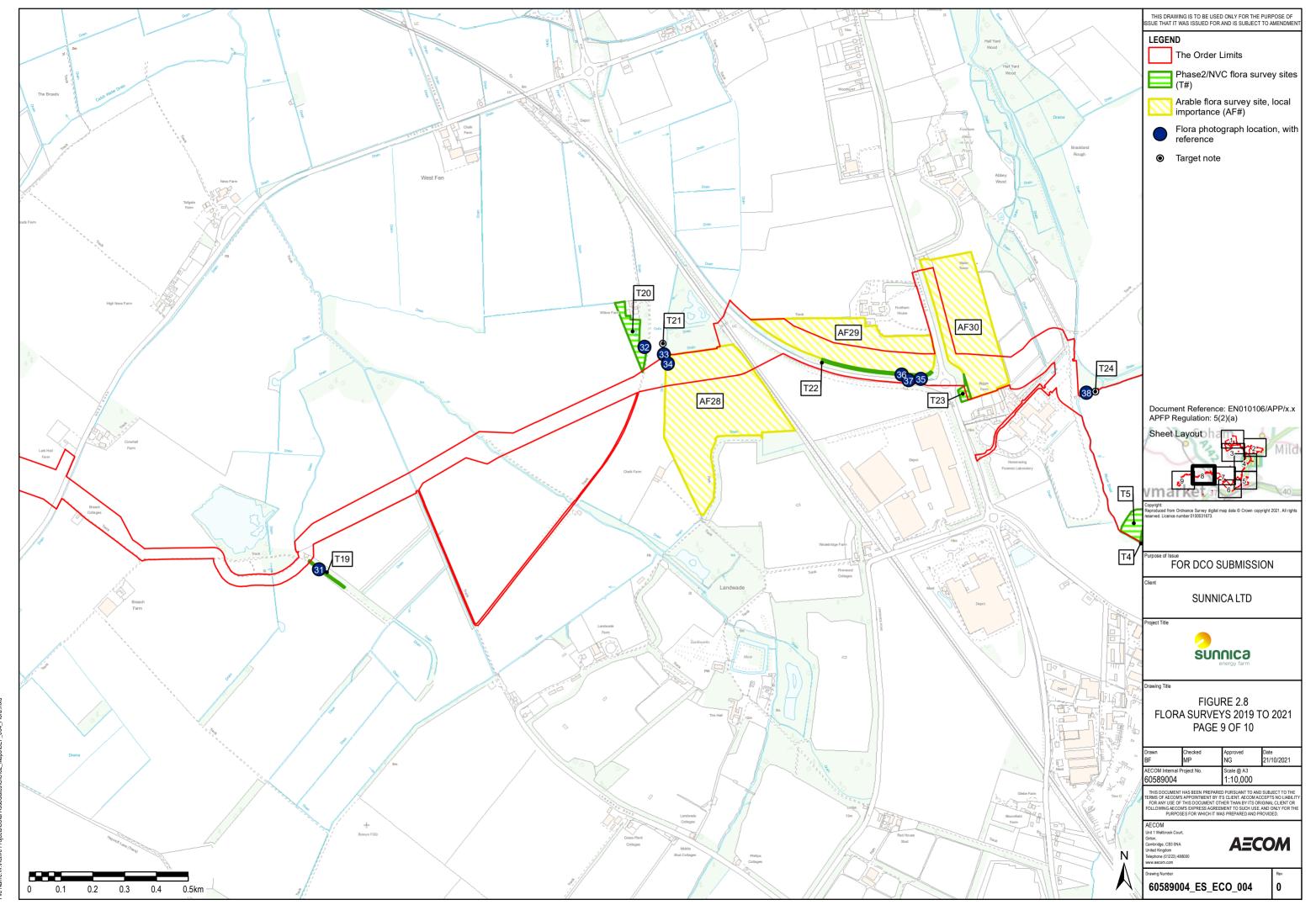
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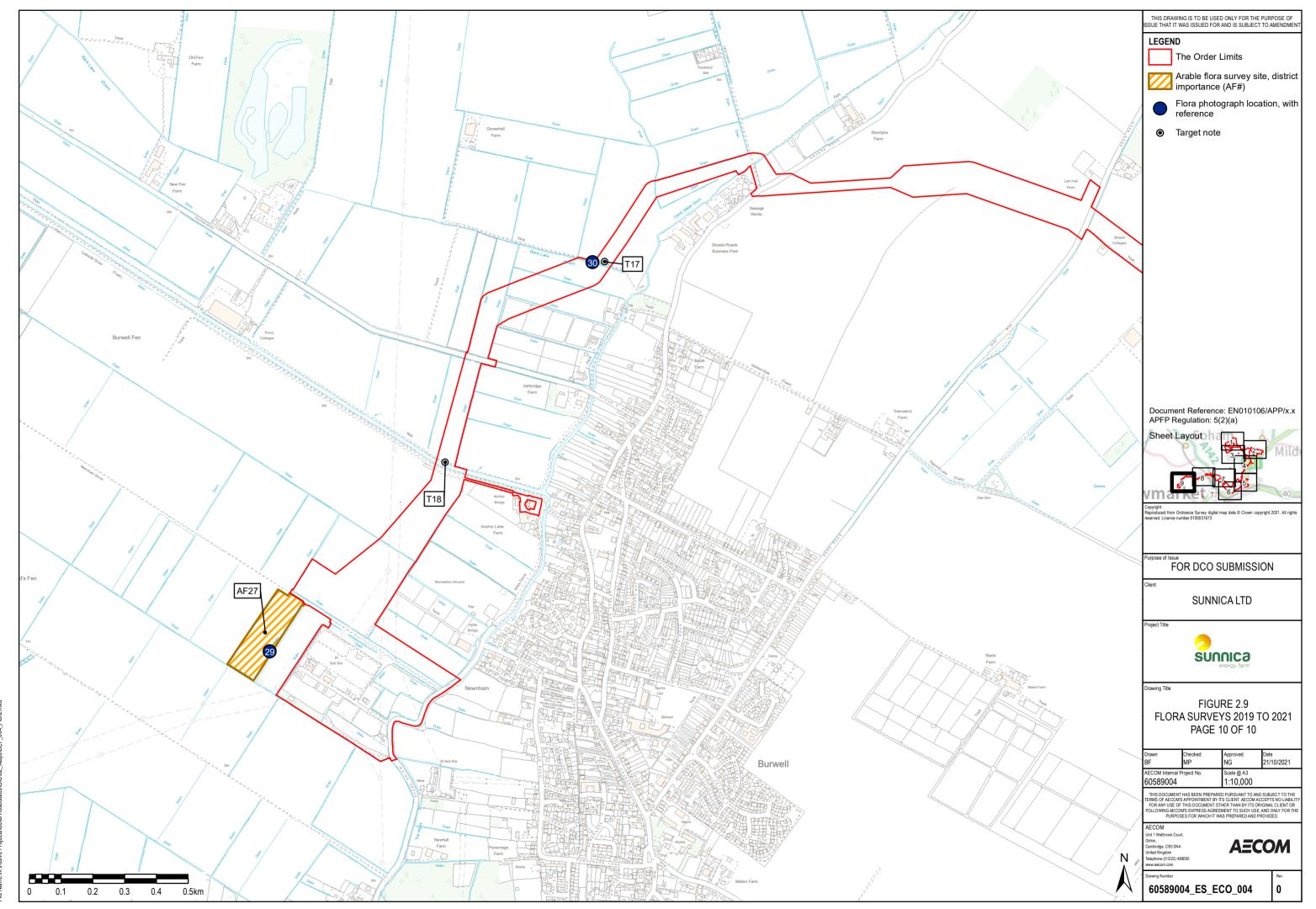


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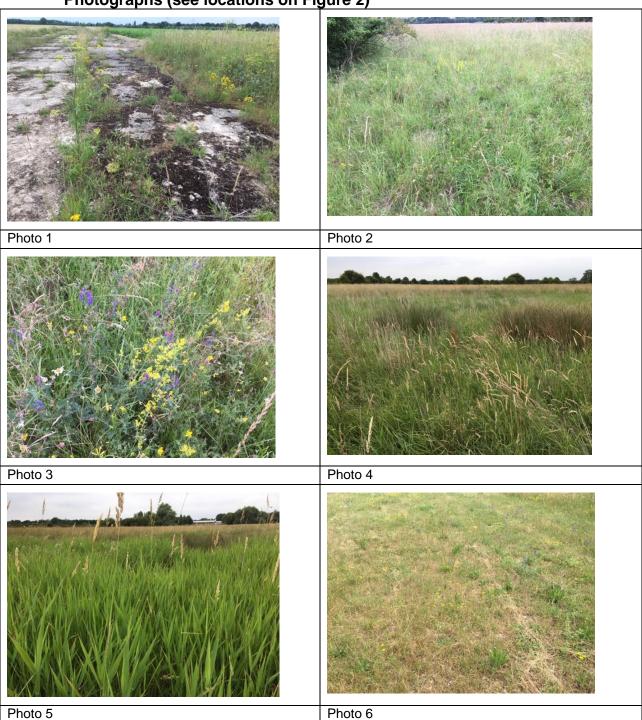




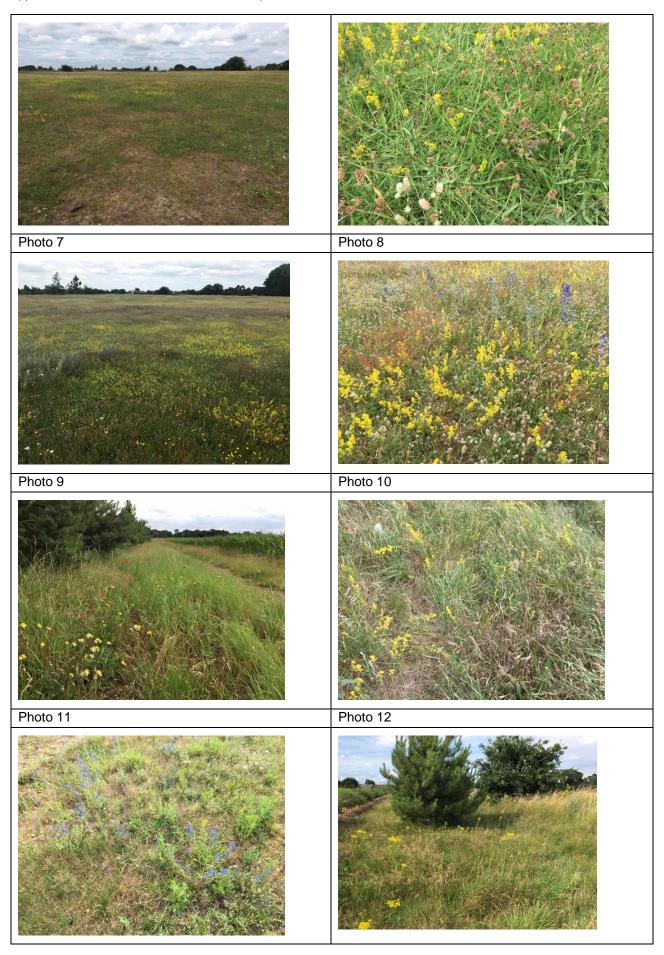
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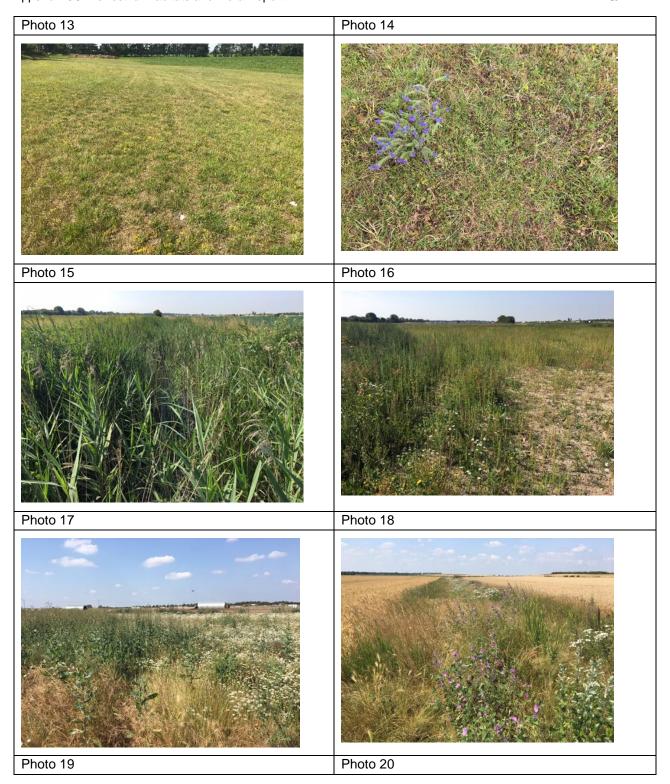
Photographs (see locations on Figure 2)













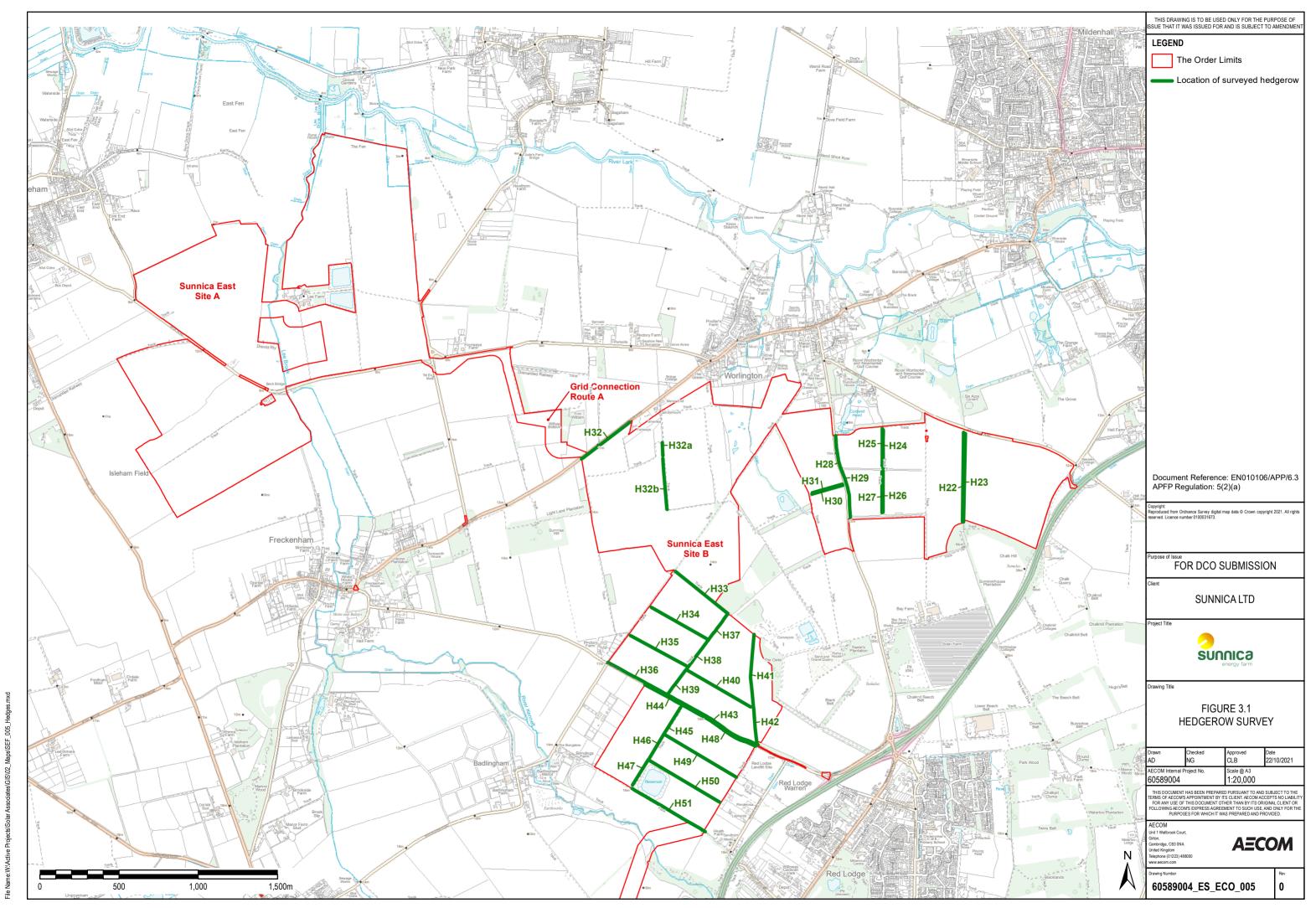


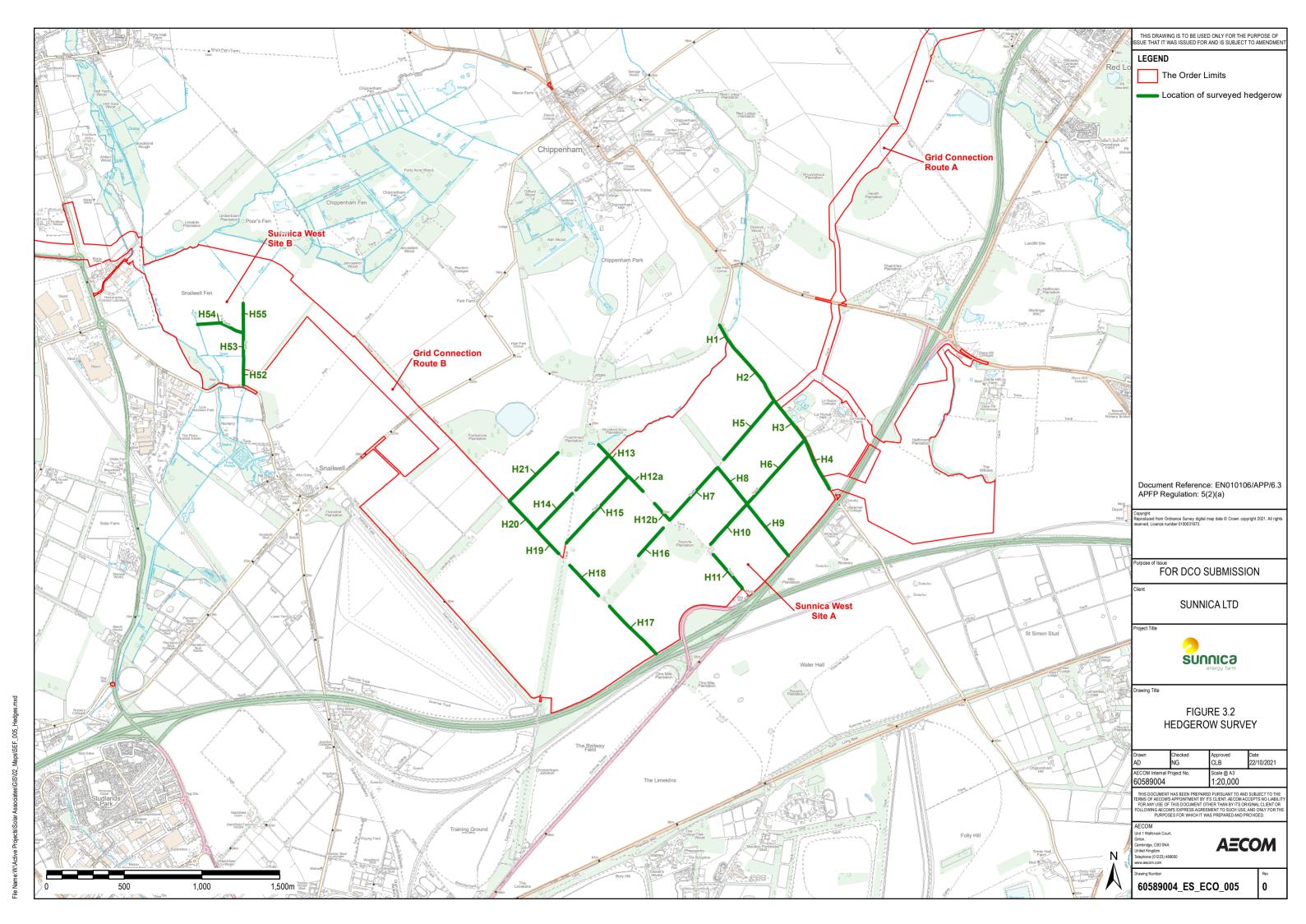














# Annex B Desk Study Results

## Table B-1: Protected (WCA Schedule 8) and notable flora species in East Cambridgeshire within 2km of the Order limits

WCA8 - WCA Schedule 8, NS - Nationally Scarce, NR - Nationally Rare and CPASI - Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Additional Species of Interest

Common name and Scientific name	Location	Grid reference	Precision	Date	Comments	Selected designation
Bur Medick Medicago minima	Mamre Farm,	TL66147134	10m	09-05-09	example grid ref	NS
	Chippenham	TL66147136	10m	09-05-09	example grid ref	NS
		TL66157132	10m	09-05-09	example grid ref	NS
Cambridge Milk-parsley Selinum carvifolia	Chippenham Fen	TL645698	100m	17-08-09	15 plants (11 flowering), Compt.2	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL6469	1km	20-07-11	5709 plants with 1568 (27.5%) flowering. 829 plants Compt. 1; 7 Compt. 8; 4329 Compt. 10; 524 Compt. 11. [no grid references provided by recorders, NPM, 13/1/2013]	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL64716968	10m	03-09-16	1 plant	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL64726968	10m	04-07-09	compartment on northeast side of main SE-NW drove	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL64736921	10m	03-09-16		CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL64766923	10m	03-09-16		CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL64776912	10m	03-09-16	plentiful in this general area	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL64776923	10m	03-09-16		CPASI, NR, WCA8



Common name and Scientific name	Location	Grid reference	Precision	Date	Comments	Selected designation
		TL64776986	10m	10-07-10	single plant at grassland/fen interface in compartment centred at TL64756988	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL64826915	10m	03-09-16	plentiful in this general area	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL648692	100m	17-08-09	18 plants (12 flowering), Baxter's W. Ride	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL649691	100m	17-08-09	TL649691-TL647691, 10458 plants (2958 flowering), Compt.10 (non-flowering numbers extrapolated from 5 2x2m quadrats)	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL649699	100m	17-08-09	895 plants (616 flowering), Compt.1	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL65106930	10m	03-09-16	4-5 plants	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL65126928	10m	03-09-16	1 plant	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL651693	100m	17-08-09	83 plants (46 flowering), Compt.11	CPASI, NR, WCA8
	Snailwell Meadows SSSI	TL63936781	10m	16-08-08	single flowering plant and a couple of non-flowering ones	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL63936782	10m	2012	1 mature plant and 6 seedlings in S meadow (48 plants in 2011). No plants were seen in the NE meadow, TL64056813, which had been grazed and topped (there had been 81 flowering and 17 non-flowering plants here in 2011).	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL63946781	10m	22-07-11	72 plants (7 flowering) in S meadow. S meadow unmown and ungrazed.	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL639678	100m	08-08-09	50 plants (12 flowering)	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL64016813	10m	16-08-08	single flowering plant	CPASI, NR, WCA8



Common name and Scientific name	Location	Grid reference	Precision	Date	Comments	Selected designation
		TL64026813	10m	16-08-08	single non-flowering plant	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL64036815	10m	22-07-11	17 non-flowering plants, NE meadow. NE meadow topped and grazed by 40 cattle.	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL64046809	10m	16-08-08	single flowering plant	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL64046811	10m	16-08-08	c.14 plants	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL64056812	10m	08-08-09	35 plants (25 flowering) here and at TL64066811	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL64066809	10m	16-08-08	6 flowering plants and single non-flowering plant	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL64066810	10m	16-08-08	single flowering plant	CPASI, NR, WCA8
		TL6468	1km	16-08-08	about 26 plants seen in Field 5, east of River Snail (see other records for precise grid refs of plants)	CPASI, NR, WCA8
Cat-mint Nepeta cataria	Chippenham	TL6869	1km	09-05-09		CPASI
	Wicken Fen: Hurdle Hall Farm	TL562669	100m	27-07-12	fishing pond (single flowering plant on disturbed soil of bankside footpath)	CPASI
Common Twayblade Neottia ovata	Fordham Woods	TL6369	1km	2008	Very scarce - e.g. beside path on eastern fringe of wet wood. Several more plants in this area in 2008, apparently responding well to brush clearing nearby.	CPASI
		TL6369	1km	2011	After work on the new boardwalk, only 41 twayblades could be found this year, down from a peak of 72 in 2009.	CPASI
		TL6369	1km	2012	62 were counted in colony near the entrance. The colony was reduced due to the construction of the boardwalk in 2010, but is now recovering.	



Common name and Scientific name	Location	Grid reference	Precision	Date	Comments	Selected designation
		TL6369	1km	Jun-10	Found in 1/3 quadrats	CPASI
Dwarf Spurge	Fordham	TL634684	100m	30-06-10		CPASI
Euphorbia exigua	Reach	TL569665	100m	13-08-13		CPASI
	Wicken Fen	TL5667	1km	07-08-10		CPASI
Early Marsh-orchid  Dactylorhiza incarnata	Chippenham Fen	TL647698	100m	10-07-10		CPASI
Fen Pondweed	Chippenham Fen	TL6469	1km	10-07-10		CPASI, NS
Potamogeton coloratus		TL651695	100m	04-07-09	also in many drains over the fen	CPASI, NS
	Wicken Fen	TL562695	100m	27-07-10	locally abundant in many of the drains on Bakers Fen	CPASI, NS
		TL565696	100m	27-07-10	locally abundant in many of the drains on Bakers Fen	CPASI, NS
Fine-leaved Fumitory Fumaria parviflora	Isleham Allotments (Fordham Road)	TL64407378	10m	17-07-10		NS
Lesser Water-plantain Baldellia ranunculoides	Burwell	TL591689	100m	May-08	In ditch cleared out last winter, water depth 10-20cm, TL587689 to TL594691.	CPASI
		TL592690	100m	05-07-08		CPASI
Marsh Dock	Burwell Fen	TL56426891	10m	20-07-12	R	CPASI
Rumex palustris	Wicken Fen	TL561698	100m	27-07-10		CPASI
		TL561699	100m	14-08-09	frequent in drawdown zones	CPASI
		TL564697	100m	27-07-10		CPASI
		TL5669	1km	24-07-10		CPASI
	Wicken Fen: Baker's Fen	TL563693	100m	05-09-13		CPASI
Narrow-leaved Water-plantain	Wicken Fen	TL565698	100m	01-07-08	Occasional	CPASI
Alisma lanceolatum		TL568699	100m	03-08-10		CPASI



Common name and Scientific name	Location	Grid reference	Precision	Date	Comments	Selected designation
Purple Fescue Vulpia ciliata subsp. ambigua	Mamre Farm, Chippenham	TL66147137	10m	09-05-09		NS
River Water-dropwort	Wicken Fen	TL56	10km	17-08-09		CPASI
Oenanthe fluviatilis		TL568699	100m	16-07-09	In the Lode	CPASI
	Wicken Fen: Monk's Lode	TL56926998	10m	20-07-12	R	CPASI
Shining Pondweed	Wicken Fen	TL568699	100m	02-08-09		CPASI
Potamogeton lucens		TL568699	100m	17-08-09	R.	CPASI
		TL568699	100m	03-07-10	In the River	CPASI
	Wicken Fen: Monk's Lode	TL56926998	10m	20-07-12	R	CPASI
Sickle Medick Medicago sativa subsp. falcata	Freckenham Road RSV CWS	TL6671	1km	27-06-12	Medicago sativa aggregate was just coming to flower and it was not possible to confirm the relative abundance of different sub-species. On the basis of the material examined good subsp. falcata and subspecies varia were however considered to be present.	NS
Southern Marsh-orchid	Chippenham Fen	TL647698	100m	10-07-10		CPASI
Dactylorhiza praetermissa		TL64786953	10m	04-07-09		CPASI
Water-violet Hottonia palustris	Chippenham Fen	TL64916976	10m	17-08-09	abundant in ditch with clear water at edge of woodland, S of Compt.1	CPASI
•	New River and	TL571701	100m	17-08-11	In water	CPASI
	Monk's Lode CWS	TL576698	100m	17-08-11	In water	CPASI
	Wicken Fen	TL562697	100m	01-07-08	Frequent	CPASI
		TL565696	100m	01-07-08	Frequent	CPASI
		TL568699	100m	17-08-09	R.	CPASI
	Wicken Fen: Monk's Lode	TL56926998	10m	20-07-12	R	CPASI

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Common name and Scientific name	Location	Grid reference	Precision	Date	Comments	Selected designation
Whorled Water-milfoil  Myriophyllum verticillatum	Wicken Fen	TL568699	100m	17-08-09	R.	CPASI



### Table B-2: Protected (WCA Schedule 8) and notable flora species in Suffolk within 2km of the Order limits

WCA8 - WCA Schedule 8, NS - Nationally Scarce, NR - Nationally Rare, RLGB -Red List

Common name and Scientific name	Location	Site detail	Grid reference	Year	Obs Comments	Designation	Abundance
Corn Chamomile Anthemis arvensis	Red Lodge Heath	Warren Road, Red Lodge	TL703704	2011		RLGB.EN	18 Count
	Worlington	near proposed Red Lodge primary school site	TL70247055	2011		RLGB.EN	19 Count of present
Loose Silky-bent Apera spica-venti	Herringswell	edge of beet field	TL718704	2012		RLGB.Lr(NT)	
Hairy Rock-cress Arabis hirsuta	Mildenhall A1065/C616 Thetford Rd junction		TL729750	2017		Suffolk Rare Plant	
	Mildenhall A1065/C616 Thetford Rd junction	152	TL728750	2017		Suffolk Rare Plant	
	Red Lodge Heath	Warren Road, Red Lodge	TL703704	2011		Suffolk Rare Plant	
Purple Milk-vetch Astragalus danicus	Worlington Golf Course and surrounding habitat		TL702735	2010		RLGB.EN, ScotBL, Sect.41, UKBAP	
Harebell Campanula rotundifolia	Mildenhall Woods		TL7375	2011		Suffolk Rare Plant	
Carline Thistle Carlina vulgaris	Barton Mills		TL71187268	2016	Several plants on west side of Newmarket Road near	Suffolk Rare Plant	



Common name and Scientific name	Location	Site detail	Grid reference	Year	Obs Comments	Designation	Abundance
					A11 near junction		
Field Mouse-ear Cerastium arvense	Mildenhall A1065/C616 Thetford Rd junction	152	TL728750	2017		Suffolk Rare Plant	
	Mildenhall A1065/C616 Thetford Rd junction		TL729750	2017		Suffolk Rare Plant	
	Joans Meadow		TL694734	2012		Suffolk Rare Plant	
	Mildenhall Woods		TL7375	2011		Suffolk Rare Plant	
Lesser Calamint Clinopodium calamintha	Barton Mills (Cherry Hill) C623	1 South	TL721719	2017		NS-excludes, RLGB.VU	
Lily-of-the-valley Convallaria majalis	Mildenhall		TL71857461	2013		Suffolk Rare Plant	
Hound's-tongue Cynoglossum officinale	Red Lodge Warren	1	TL697706	2016	170 plants	RLGB.Lr(NT)	
	Joans Meadow		TL694734	2012		RLGB.Lr(NT)	
Treacle-mustard  Erysimum cheiranthoides	Mildenhall		TL6974	2013		Suffolk Rare Plant	
Spurge Euphorbia amygdaloides subsp. robbiae	Barton Mills		TL7173	2016		CITESB	
Dwarf Spurge Euphorbia exigua	Mildenhall		TL6974	2013		CITESB, RLGB.Lr(NT)	
Common Cudweed Filago vulgaris	Mildenhall	just S of Mildenhall	TL70877425	2016	a few plants on disturbed surface of	RLGB.Lr(NT), ScotBL	



Common name and Scientific name	Location	Site detail	Grid reference	Year	Obs Comments	Designation	Abundance
					public footpath in one place (N bank of River Lark)		
	Mildenhall Woods		TL7375	2011		RLGB.Lr(NT), ScotBL	
Dropwort Filipendula vulgaris	Barton Mills (Cherry Hill) C623	1 East	TL725720	2017		ScotBL	
	Barton Mills (Cherry Hill) C623	Westernmost end of north verge (single specimen)	TL72007221	2017		ScotBL	
Dense-flowered Fumitory Fumaria densiflora	Mildenhall	Mildenhall Hub	TL703746	2016	At field margin	Suffolk Rare Plant	1 Count of present
	Mildenhall		TL69847444	2013	One plant at edge of potato field on south side of track	Suffolk Rare Plant	
Fine-leaved Fumitory Fumaria parviflora	Mildenhall	Mildenhall Hub	TL703746	2016	At field margin	NS-excludes, RLGB.VU	1 Count of present
·	Mildenhall		TL69847444	2013	Five plants at edge of potato field on south side of track		
Common Rock-rose Helianthemum nummularium	Barton Mills (Cherry Hill) C623	Eastern end of north verge	TL72007221	2017		Suffolk Rare Plant	
	Barton Mills (Cherry Hill) C623	1 East	TL725720	2017		Suffolk Rare Plant	



Common name and Scientific name	Location	Site detail	Grid reference	Year	Obs Comments	Designation	Abundance
	Worlington Golf Course and surrounding habitat		TL702735	2010		Suffolk Rare Plant	
Field Scabious  Knautia arvensis	Barton Mills (Cherry Hill) C623	1 West	TL720721	2017		Suffolk Rare Plant	
	Joans Meadow		TL694734	2012		Suffolk Rare Plant	
	Mildenhall Woods		TL7375	2011		Suffolk Rare Plant	
Bur Medick Medicago minima	Red Lodge Warren	4	TL697706	2016	approx 30 plants at 4 locations	NS-excludes, RLGB.VU	
	Joans Meadow		TL694734	2012		NS-excludes, RLGB.VU	
Sickle Medick Medicago sativa subsp. falcata	Barton Mills (Cherry Hill) C623	1 East	TL725720	2017		NS-excludes	
	Joans Meadow		TL694734	2012		NS-excludes	
Fine-leaved Sandwort  Minuartia hybrida	Barton Mills		TL71697377	2016	Flint wall on south side of the Street opposite the church	NS-excludes, RLGB.EN, Sect.41, UKBAP	
Minuartia hybrida subsp. tenuifolia	Barton Mills Churchyard		TL717738	2016		NS-excludes, RLGB.EN, Sect.41, UKBAP	
Grape-hyacinth  Muscari neglectum	Tuddenham C624	96 West	TL730719	2017		NR-excludes, RLGB.VU, Sect.41, UKBAP	



Common name and Scientific name	Location	Site detail	Grid reference	Year	Obs Comments	Designation	Abundance
	Tuddenham Gallops		TL72541718 60	2016		NR-excludes, RLGB.VU, Sect.41, UKBAP	2 Count of present
	Tuddenham Gallops		TL72450718 02	2016		NR-excludes, RLGB.VU, Sect.41, UKBAP	12 Count of present
	Cherry Hill and The Gallops	6	TL722721	2016	68	NR-excludes, RLGB.VU, Sect.41, UKBAP	
	Tuddenham Gallops		TL72478718 21	2016		NR-excludes, RLGB.VU, Sect.41, UKBAP	7 Count of present
	Tuddenham Gallops		TL72284716 88	2016		NR-excludes, RLGB.VU, Sect.41, UKBAP	6 Count of present
	Tuddenham Gallops		TL72523718 50	2016		NR-excludes, RLGB.VU, Sect.41, UKBAP	13 Count of present
	Tuddenham Gallops		TL72256716 75	2016		NR-excludes, RLGB.VU, Sect.41, UKBAP	62 Count of present
Bee Orchid Ophrys apifera	West Row Churchyard	West Row, church	TL674754	2016		CITESB	
Prickly Poppy Papaver argemone	Mildenhall		TL69847444	2013	Two plants at edge of potato field on south side of track	RLGB.VU, ScotBL	
Rough Poppy Roemeria hybrida	Mildenhall	Mildenhall Hub	TL703746	2016	At field margin	ScotBL	1 Count of present
-	Mildenhall		TL698744	2013	Locally frequent at	ScotBL	



Common name and Scientific name	Location	Site detail	Grid reference	Year	Obs Comments	Designation	Abundance
					edge of potato field on south side of track		
	Mildenhall		TL70007440	2013	A few plants at edge of potato field on south side of track	ScotBL	
Hoary Plantain  Plantago media	Barton Mills Churchyard	Barton Mills, church	TL716738	2016		ScotBL	
-	Worlington Churchyard	Worlington, church	TL691738	2013		ScotBL	
	Joans Meadow		TL694734	2012		ScotBL	
Perfoliate Pondweed  Potamogeton perfoliatus	Mildenhall		TL698741	2013	One patch in River Lark	Suffolk Rare Plant	
	Worlington	U/S MILDENHALL MTR SITE	TL68900743	2009	LARK	Suffolk Rare Plant	
Hoary Cinquefoil Potentilla argentea	Red Lodge Warren	4	TL697706	2016	about 20 plants within 1.5m radius of grid	RLGB.Lr(NT), ScotBL	
Wild Clary Salvia verbenaca	Mildenhall A1065/C616 Thetford Rd junction		TL729750	2017		ScotBL	
	Mildenhall A1065/C616 Thetford Rd junction	152	TL728750	2017		ScotBL	
	West Row		TL6775	2016		ScotBL	



Common name and Scientific name	Location	Site detail	Grid reference	Year	Obs Comments	Designation	Abundance
	Moulton	bridge	TL6964	2012		ScotBL	
	Joans Meadow		TL694734	2012		ScotBL	
Small Scabious Scabiosa columbaria	Barton Mills (Cherry Hill) C623	1 East	TL725720	2017		Suffolk Rare Plant	
	Barton Mills (Cherry Hill) C623	South branch, east side	TL72007221	2017		Suffolk Rare Plant	
	Barton Mills (Cherry Hill) C623	1 South	TL721719	2017		Suffolk Rare Plant	
	Joans Meadow		TL694734	2012		Suffolk Rare Plant	
	Mildenhall Woods		TL7375	2011		Suffolk Rare Plant	
Annual Knawel Scleranthus annuus	Barton Mills		TL72342717 24	2016		RLGB.EN, ScotBL, Sect.41, Sect.42, UKBAP	
	Barton Mills		TL72188716 23	2016		RLGB.EN, ScotBL, Sect.41, Sect.42, UKBAP	
Night-flowering Catchfly Silene noctiflora	Herringswell	edge of beet field	TL718704	2012		RLGB.VU, ScotBL	
	Worlington Chalk Pit		TL701715	2002		RLGB.VU, ScotBL	
	Freckenham		TL67R	2001		RLGB.VU, ScotBL	1 Count of Default
	Mildenhall		TL67X	2000		RLGB.VU, ScotBL	
	Tuddenham		TL77F	2000		RLGB.VU, ScotBL	
	Herringswell		TL76E	1999		RLGB.VU, ScotBL	



Common name and Scientific name	Location	Site detail	Grid reference	Year	Obs Comments	Designation	Abundance	
Spanish Catchfly Silene otites	Worlington Golf Course and surrounding habitat		TL702735	2010		NR-excludes, RLGB.EN, Sect.41, UKBAP		
	Cherry Hill and The Gallops	Barton Mills Cherry Hill sub site 6	TL722721	2009	R(3)	NR-excludes, RLGB.EN, Sect.41, UKBAP		
Breckland Thyme Thymus serpyllum	Red Lodge Warren		TL697706	2016		NR-excludes		
Fingered Speedwell  Veronica triphyllos	Barton Mills	to TL7213571749	TL72148718 01	2016		NR-excludes, RLGB.EN, Sect.41, UKBAP, WCA8	1400 Count of present	
	Cherry Hill and The Gallops		TL722721	2016	1400 plants - estimate	NR-excludes, RLGB.EN, Sect.41, UKBAP, WCA8		



### Table B-3: WCA Schedule 9 plants – East Cambridgeshire within 2km of the Order limits

Common name and Scientific name	Location	Grid reference	Precision	Date	Comments	Selected designations
Canadian Waterweed	Isleham	TL67M	2km	29-05-10		WCA9ii
Elodea canadensis	New River and Monk's	TL571701	100m	17-08-11	In water	WCA9ii
	Lode CWS	TL576698	100m	17-08-11	In water	WCA9ii
		TL581698	100m	17-08-11	In water	WCA9ii
	Wicken Fen	TL574699	100m	03-07-10	In the River	WCA9ii
False-acacia Robinia pseudoacacia	Isleham	TL67M	2km	29-05-10	planted	WCA9ii
New Zealand Pigmyweed  Crassula helmsii	Wicken Fen	TL560695	100m	20-05-11	Large patches/rafts in the large shallow pool	WCA9ii
		TL561695	100m	27-07-10		WCA9ii
		TL561699	100m	28-05-10	Bakers Fen pool	WCA9ii
		TL562695	100m	20-05-11	Fq clumps	WCA9ii
		TL563694	100m	27-07-10		WCA9ii
	Wicken Fen: Baker's Fen	TL560695	100m	30-07-13	dominant, large areas	WCA9ii
		TL561693	100m	06-07-12	F (LD at margins)	WCA9ii
		TL561693	100m	28-09-12	occ-freq	WCA9ii
Nuttall's Waterweed	Burwell Lode	TL565690	100m	03-07-12	F	WCA9ii
Elodea nuttallii	Wicken Fen: Monk's Lode	TL56926998	10m	20-07-12	0	WCA9ii
Wall Cotoneaster	Burwell	TL594669	100m	27-02-14		WCA9ii
Cotoneaster horizontalis	Isleham	TL67M	2km	29-05-10	on wall	WCA9ii
Yellow Archangel Lamiastrum galeobdolon subsp. argentatur	Isleham	TL67M	2km	29-05-10		WCA9ii



### Table B-4: WCA Schedule 9 plants - Suffolk within 2km of the Order limits

Common name and Scientific name	Location	Site detail	Grid reference	Year
Nuttall's Waterweed	Worlington	JUDES FERRY	TL677747	2012
Elodea nuttallii	Mildenhall	D/S MILDENHALL MTR SIT	E TL688745	2011
	Worlington	U/S MILDENHALL MTR SIT	E TL689743	2011
Giant Hogweed	Mildenhall	just S of Mildenhall	TL70877424	2016
Heracleum mantegazzianum	Barton Mills	Lark at Mildenhall	TL709742	2011
Indian Balsam Impatiens glandulifera	Kentford	R Kennett	TL7068	2017

Sunnica Energy Farm Environmental Statement Appendix 8C: Terrestrial Habitats and Flora Report



# **Annex C** Field Survey Results

Project Name	Sunnica	a	Dat 9/7		Recorders	MF	, CL	Are	a	T1 an	d T2			hoto ef.	1, 2			
Broad vegetation type	Grasslar Tall-herb fen Swamp		X		Substrate	Acid  Calcareous  Neutral  Not known				Conditi	Condition Improved Semi-improved Unimproved Not relevant			ed	X 			
Hydrology	Wet Dry Transitio	onal	□ X □		Age/ origin		Sown/recent origin  Semi-natural   Aspect  n/a				SI	ope	n/a	Wate Dept				
Layers Mea	an	0.3		m		cm			mm	Habit	at Area			2000	m2 (a	pprox	)	
Layers Cov	er	40		%		%			%	Quad	rat/samp	ole size		n/a				
Species Lis	st T1 and	T2			Domin	Spec	Species List T1 and T2 Domin Species species						al	Domin				
Achillea mi	llefolium				3	Jaco	Jacobaea vulgaris 1 Tri			Tripleu inodoru		permu	ım		3			
Potentilla re	eptans				3	Trifol	Trifolium campestre 2			2	Prunell	la v	ulgari	s		1		
Arrhenathe	rum elati	us			5	Geum urbanum				1	Potentilla anserina			2				
Plantago la	nceolata				2	Sedum acre			2	Carduu	ıs r	nutans			1			
Urtica dioic	а				3	Cam	bylop	us ir	ntrofle	xus	4	Festuc	a rı	ıbra			3	
Artemisia v	ulgaris				2	Agro	stis s	tolon	ifera		3	Clinopo	odi	ım vu	lgare		2	
Agrimonia e	eupatoria	1			2	Trifol	ium p	rate	nse		1							
Trifolium re	pens				3	Onor	nis re <sub>l</sub>	pens	;		1							
Scorzonero	oides aut	umna	alis		3	Dauc	us ca	rota	1		2							
Sherardia a	arvensis				1	Hera	cleun	n spł	hondy	<i>lium</i>	1							
Arenaria se	erpyllifolia	1			2	Cent	aurea	deb	eaux	ii	1							
Echium vul	gare				1	Dact	/lis gl	lome	rata		2							
Erodium cid					2	Anisa					1							
Sisymbriun		le			1	Phle			onii		3						1	
Medicago I					3	Ballo					1						1	
Linaria vulg					2	Hypericum perforatum			1									
Silene dioid					2	Lolium perenne			1									
Lotus corni					1	Convolvulus arvensis			2							_		
Tragopogoi					1					600/								
Bare rock/h	iarustano	urig			60%					60% 10%								
Leaf litter/ t	hatah				0							0						
Permanent		ıtor			0							0						
ı emanem	open wa	ICI			l o							l o					1	

Domin	1: few individuals, 2: several individuals, 3: many individuals, 4: 4-10%, 5: 11-25%, 6: 26-33%, 7: 34-50%, 8:
scale	51-75%, 9: 76-90%, 10: 91-100%
DAFOR	D= Dominant, A = Abundant, F = Frequent, O = Occasional, R = Rare



Descriptive notes: negative indicators species (weeds), shrub/tree cover, management regime, other impacts, limitations

Two hardstanding tracks (T1 and T2), adjacent to arable crops. Some ephemeral /short perennial vegetation and taller semi-improved grassland. Unmanaged.





Photo 1. T1 Hardstanding and semi-improved grassland entrance)

Photo 2. T2 (as T1 with some bare soil near field





Project Name	Sunnica		ate: /7/19	Recorde	rs	MP, CL	Are	ea	Т3				Photo ref.	3		
Broad vegetation type	Grassla Tall-herl fen Swamp		]	Substrat	Calcareous  Neutral X Not known					Improv Semi-ii Unimpi Not rel	mprove roved	ed	X X			
Hydrology	Wet Dry Transitio	D Dnal X	]	Age/ origin		Sown/recent origin  Semi-natural  X			n/a	Slope	n/a	Water Depth	0 (damp soil)			
Layers Mean 0.5 m Height				0.2	cr	n	Habita	at Area			100	m2 (ap	prox.)			
Layers Cov	Layers Cover 90 %				%			%	Quad	rat/samp	le s	ize	n/a			
Species List				Domin	Sp	ecies Li	st			Domin						
Holcus lana	atus			6	Rı	итех со	nglo	mera	tus	1						
Carex acut	iformis			4	La	thyrus p	rate	nsis		1						
Glyceria no	otata			4	Εŗ	oilobium	1									
Persicaria a	amphibia	1		3	Fi	Filipendula ulmaria				2						
Agrostis sto	olonifera			4	Pł	nalaris a	rund	linace	а	4						
Cardamine	pratensi	s		1	Ju	ıncus an	ticula	atus		1						
Alopecurus	genicula	atus		2	Hy	/pericun	ı teti	rapter	um	1						
Equisetum	palustris			1	Ve	eronica d	atei	nata		1						
Equisetum	arvensis			3	lri.	s pseuda	acor	rus		2						
Juncus inflexus 5				5	Рι	ılicaria c	lyse	nteric	а	2						
Bare rock/hardstanding 0				0												
Bare soil 5%				5%												
Leaf litter/ thatch 0				0												
Permanent open water				0												

Domin scale 1: few individuals, 2: several individuals, 3: many individuals, 4: 4-10%, 5: 11-25%, 6: 26-33%, 7: 34-50%, 8: 51-75%, 9: 76-90%, 10: 91-100%

Descriptive notes: negative indicators species (weeds), shrub/tree cover, management regime, other impacts, limitations

Damp shallow ditch in semi-improved grassland field (cattle grazed later in the year). Marshy grassland/swamp vegetation in ditch transitioning to species poor semi-improved grassland. Occasional hawthorn scrub and scattered trees.



Photo 3. Damp shallow ditch with marshy grassland/swamp vegetation

Sunnica Energy Farm Environmental Statement

Appendix 8C: Terrestrial Habitats and Flora Report



Project	Sunnic	a Da	te 9	9/7/19	Rec	orders	MP,		Area	Т	4		Ph	oto	4,5	Sheet	
Name							CL						ref			no.	
Broad	Swamp		Gra	ssland	Χ	Subst	rate	Acid	t			Condition	1	Impr	oved		
vegetation	Mire		Tall	-herb				Cald	careou	s				Sem	i-impro	ved	Χ
type	Heath		fen					Neu	ıtral		Χ			Unim	proved		
	Maritim	e 🗆	Оре	en				Not	knowr	1				Not r	elevan	t	
			hab	itat													
Hydrology	Wet		Trai	nsitiona	I 🗆	Age/		Sow	n/rece	nt		Aspect	n/a	Slope	e n/a	Water	n/a
	Dry	Χ				origin		orig	in		Χ					Depth	
								Sen	ni-natu	ral							
Layers Mea	ın	8.0	m	0.2	m		cm		m	ım	Habitat	Area		10	m x	80	m
Height																	
Layers Cov	er	20	%	95	%		%		%	)	Quadra	t/sample s	ize	4	m x	4	m

Quadrat		1		2	;	3	4	4		5	
Quadrat Grid Reference	TL638	806838	TL6379	96841	TL637	76841	TL6373	6846	TL636	96847	Frequency (I-V)
Species List	%	Domin	%	Domin	%	Domin	%	Domin	%	Domin	(1-0)
Agrostis stolonifera		4		2						3	III
Arrhenatherum elatius		4		5		6		5		5	V
Dactylis glomerate		3		4		4		3		2	V
Festuca rubra		8		6		6		6		7	V
Plantago lanceolate		4		4		3		8		5	V
Lathyrus pratensis		3		4		4		5		2	V
Trifolium pratense		3		1		1				3	IV
Potentilla reptans		5		3		4		1		2	V
Vicia cracca		2		3		3				3	IV
Medicago lupulina		2								1	II
Cirsium arvense		3		2							II
Prunus spinosa		1									I
Holcus lanatus				3		3		5		2	IV
Galium verum				2		2				4	III
Carex hirta				1		1				1	III
Rumex acetosa				1							I
Leucanthemum vulgare								4		3	II
Heracleum sphondylium								1		1	II
Crataegus monogyna (seedling)								1			I
Trisetum flavescens								1			I
Achillea millefolium								1			I
Taraxacum officinale aggregate								1			I
Equisetum arvense								1			I
Senecio erucifolius										2	I
Centaurea debeauxii										4	I
Phleum bertolonii										2	I
Pseudoscleropodium purum									3	I	
Festuca pratense										2	I



Rubus fruticosa aggregate.					1	I
Bare rock/hardstanding						
Bare soil						
Leaf litter/ thatch						
Permanent open water						

#### Further information required, see back of sheet

Domin scale	1: few individuals, 2: several individuals, 3: many individuals, 4: 4-10%, 5: 11-25%, 6: 26-33%, 7: 34-50%, 8: 51-75%, 9: 76-90%, 10: 91-100%
Quadrat sizes	Short herbaceous 2x2m; tall and more open herb communities 4x4m; species poor, very tall herbaceous 10x10m; linear features such as streams, ditches, verges can use strips e.g 1x4m, 2x8m.
Frequency	Number of quadrats which the species occurs in, use Roman numerals I to V, where I=20% of quadrats and V=100%.

Descriptive notes: negative indicators species (weeds), shrub/tree cover, management regime, other impacts, limitations

More diverse, open sward of semi-improved neutral grassland adjacent to the River Snail. Cattle grazed later in the year. Some scrub along the river, none in the grassland.





Photo 4. Semi-improved grassland next to the River Snail

Photo 5. Close up of grassland

Other flora in wider habitat area- accurate typing of vegetation may require information on other flora present but missed by the quadrats

Other species noted include *Pulicaria dysenterica* and *Galium mollugo*) Marshy grassland/swamp areas to the northeast (see T5). Larger area of species poor semi-improved grassland to east dominated by *Arrhenatherum elatius* and *Cirsium arvense* (cattle grazed later in the year).

Ì	Domin	1: few individuals, 2: several individuals, 3: many individuals, 4: 4-10%, 5: 11-25%, 6: 26-33%, 7: 34-50%,
	scale	8: 51-75%, 9: 76-90%, 10: 91-100%
	Frequency	Number of quadrats which the species occurs in, use Roman numerals I to V.

Sunnica Energy Farm Environmental Statement

Appendix 8C: Terrestrial Habitats and Flora Report



						-											
Project Name	Sunnica	Da	ate	9/7/19	Red	corders	MP CL	, А	rea	T5		Ph ref		6,7		Sheet no.	
							1										
Broad vegetation type	Swamp Mire Heath Maritim e	X			X	Subs	trate	Acid Calca Neutr Not ki		 X 	Conditi	on	Impr Sem Unin Not	ii-imp	orove ved	d	X 
Hydrology	Wet Dry		Tra	nsition	al X	Age/ origin	١	origin	/recen	X	Aspec t	n/a	Slop e	n/		/ater epth	n/a
Layers Mea	an 1	.25	m	0.6	m		cm		mn	Habitat	Area		50	m	x 1	00	m
Layers Cov	er 1	00	%	10	%		%		%	Quadra	at/sample	e size	10	m	x 1	0	m
											T						
Quadrat					1		2			3		1		5			
Quadrat Gr		nce		TL63706852		2 TL6	3686	854	TL63	726863	TL6370	6863	TL	6368	3686863		equenc (I-V)
Species Lis	st			%	Domi	in %		Domin	%	Domi n	%	Domi	n %	6	Domi n		(I-V)
Elytrigia rej					7			2		7		2				IV	
Holcus lana					5		į	5		4		5		-	3	V	
Juncus infle					5					6		_			_	II.	
Carex hirta					2		-	5		2		4		-	3	V	
Agrostis sto					2		_	7				2			3	IV	
Phleum pra					4			3		l l		0				11	
Arrhenathe Sonchus ar		IS			3					3		2				II II	
Rumex obt					1					1						II	
Rumex cris					1			l		1						11	
Ranunculus	•				2			5								11	
Senecio en					_			<u>,                                     </u>								1	
Sonchus as								1		ľ						i i	
Festuca art	•	<del></del>						<u> </u>								i i	
Plantago m								1								ı	
Poa trivialis										2						ı	
Dactylis glo	merate									4						I	
Cirsium arv	ense .									2						I	
Phalaris ar	undinacea	3										6			10	П	
Equisetum	arvense														2	I	
Bare rock/h	ardstand	ng															
Bare soil																	
Leaf litter/ t						2					5		6				
Permanent	open wat	er															
										rther info							
Domin scale	1: few in 8: 51-75						als, 3	: many	indivi	duals, 4:	4-10%, 5	5: 11-2	5%, 6	: 26-:	33%,	7: 34-	50%,
Quadrat sizes										nunities 4 es can us						erbace	ous
Frequenc y		of q	uadra							Roman nu						quadr	ats



Descriptive notes: negative indicators species (weeds), shrub/tree cover, management regime, other impacts, limitations

Marshy grassland and swamp mosaic, dominated by Elytrigia repens, Holcus lanatus and Carex hirta, with locally dominant stands of Phalaris arundinacea. Cattle grazed later in the year. No standing water but damp soil (July 2019).





Photo 6. Marshy grassland with swamp and S.I. grassland

Photo 7. Phalaris arundinacea swamp

Other flora in wider habitat area- accurate typing of vegetation may require information on other flora present but missed by the quadrats

Species poor semi-improved grassland to the south dominated by *Arrhenatherum elatius* and *Cirsium arvense* (cattle grazed later in the year). Arable field to the north (onions).

D	omin	1: few individuals, 2: several individuals, 3: many individuals, 4: 4-10%, 5: 11-25%, 6: 26-33%, 7: 34-50%,
s	cale	8: 51-75%, 9: 76-90%, 10: 91-100%
F	requency	Number of quadrats which the species occurs in, use Roman numerals I to V.

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Appendix 8C: Terrestrial Habitats and Flora Report



Project	Sunnica	Da	te	9/7/19	Rec	orders	MP,		Area	T	Г6				8,9	Sheet	
Name							CL						re	i.		no.	
Broad	Swamp		Gra	assland	Χ	Subst	rate	Acid	d		X	Conditio	n	Impr	oved		
vegetation	Mire		Tall	l-herb				Cal	careou	JS				Sem	i-impro	ved	
type	Heath		fen					Neι	utral					Unin	proved	l	Χ
	Maritim	e 🗆	Ор	en				Not	know	n				Not r	elevan	t	
			hab	oitat													
Hydrology	Wet		Tra	nsitional		Age/		Sov	vn/rec	ent		Aspect	n/a	Slop	e n/a	Water	n/a
	Dry	Χ				origin		orig	jin		Χ					Depth	
	-							Ser	ni-natเ	ıral	l						
Layers Mea	an (	0.2	М		m		cm		n	nm	Habitat	Area		250	m x	400	m
Height																	
Layers Cov	er (	90	%		%		%		9	6	Quadra	t/sample	size	2	m x	2	m

Quadrat		1	,	2		3		4		E	
1	TI CO		TL6919			97292	TL6904	4	TI 000	5 )57276	Frequency
Quadrat Grid Reference		217292									(I-V)
Species List	%	Domin	%	Domin	%	Domin	%	Domin	%	Domin	.,
Arenaria serpyllifolia	ľ	2		2	(	3		1		1	V .
Medicago minima (Nationally Scarce)		4									I
Crepis capillaris		4		4		2		2		2	V
Sedum acre		1									1
Bromus hordeaceus		4		2		2		3		5	V
Agrostis capillaris		7		5		5		5		4	V
Plantago lanceolata		3		4		5		4		4	V
Rumex acetosella		3		2		3		5		3	V
Echium vulgare		2					Ŷ	4		1	III
Erodium cicutarium		3						2		2	Ш
Geranium molle		2		1			·			1	III
Carex hirta		2									I
Trifolium campestre		2									I
Trifolium arvensis		3		3		4		5		5	V
Hypochaeris radicata		2		2							II
Trisetum flavescens		1		1		3					III
Phleum bertolonii		3		1		1		1			IV
Taraxacum officinale aggregate		1		1						1	III
Quercus robur		1									I
Holcus lanatus				1							I
Galium verum				3		5		4		4	IV
Achillea millefolium				3		4		2		2	IV
Trifolium repens				1							I
Dactylis glomerata				3							I
Jacobaea vulgaris				1	_						I
Convolvulus arvensis				2							I
Scleranthus annuus								1			I
Anthoxanthum odoratum						3					I



Silene latifolia			·	1				1			II
Arrhenatherum elatius		2		2							II
Ononis repens						1					I
Lotus corniculatus						3					I
Rhytidiadelphus squarrosus		3		2							II
Koeleria macrantha						4					I
Cerastium semidecandrum						2		1			II
Leontodon saxatile						1		1			II
Plantago coronopus								2			I
Hypochaeris glabra								1		1	II
Aira caryophyllea								1			I
Bare rock/hardstanding											
Bare soil	10%		8%		2%		5%		15%		
Leaf litter/ thatch	25%		10%		2%		5%		5%		
Permanent open water											

#### Further information required, see back of sheet

Domin	1: few individuals, 2: several individuals, 3: many individuals, 4: 4-10%, 5: 11-25%, 6: 26-33%, 7: 34-50%,
scale	8: 51-75%, 9: 76-90%, 10: 91-100%
Quadrat	Short herbaceous 2x2m; tall and more open herb communities 4x4m; species poor, very tall herbaceous
sizes	10x10m; linear features such as streams, ditches, verges can use strips e.g 1x4m, 2x8m.
	Number of quadrats which the species occurs in, use Roman numerals I to V, where I=20% of quadrats and V=100%.

Descriptive notes: negative indicators species (weeds), shrub/tree cover, management regime, other impacts, limitations

Short turf acid grassland, with part of the field designated as Worlington Heath Country Wildlife Site. Horse grazed (2 horses) some damp depressions in the field (see notes below). Some taller grassland. Also includes part of field to east with short acid grassland and cut occasionally with tractor mower.





Photo 8. Short acid grassland

Photo 9. Site overview

Other flora in wider habitat area- accurate typing of vegetation may require information on other flora present but missed by the quadrats

Spergula arvensis present outside quadrats at TL69019 72963. A few damp depressions (see photo 9) with marshy grassland with Rorippa palustris, Lythrum salicaria, Mentha aquatica, Myosotis laxa, Juncus bufonis, Potentilla anserina, Persicaria amphibia, Eleocharis palustris, Lysimachia vulgaris, Lycopus europaeus and Holcus lanatus.

Sunnica Energy Farm Environmental Statement

Layers Mean

Height

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0.5

Μ

m



100

 $m \, x$ 

m

20

Project	Sunnica	Dat	10/7/19	Rec	orders	MP,		Area	T7			Ph	oto 1	0	Sheet		
Name		е										ref			no.		
Broad	Swamp	□ Gr	assland	Χ	Subst	rate	Acid	d	X Condi			on	Impro	ved			
vegetation	Mire	□ Та	II-herb fen				Cal	careous		?			Semi-	impro	ved	Χ	
type	Heath	□ O <sub>i</sub>	oen				Neutral 2						Unim	oroved		Χ	
	Maritim	□ ha	bitat				Not known						Not re	elevan	t		
	е																
Hydrology	Wet	□ Tra	ansitional		Age/		Sown/recent		nt		Aspec	S	Slop	5%	Water	n/a	
	Dry	Χ			origin		orig	jin		Χ	t		е		Depth		

Semi-natural

m

m

Habitat Area

cm

		-														
Layers Cover	85	%		%	%		%	Quadra	it/sample	e size	4	m x	4		m	
Ou a drat				1		2			3		4					
Quadrat			TI 000	1	TLC		140				4	TI 00	5 1772	1.1	<b></b>	
Quadrat Grid Refe	erence		11.690	087253	ILO	91272	248	11691	47246	TL6915	0/243	1169	-			quenc (I-V)
Species List			%	Domi	n %	) D	omin	%	Domi n	%	Domin	%		omi n	<i>y</i> (	(. <b>.</b> )
Anisantha diandra	1			5		6			5		6		4		V	
Echium vulgare				2					1	ı	4				Ш	
Plantago lanceola	ta			4		2			1	1			2		V	
Jacobaea vulgaris	3			3											I	
Galium verum				5		1			4	4			1		V	
Elytrigia repens				3		4			4		3		3		V	
Lycopsis arvensis				1											I	
Carex arenaria			4			6			6		4		8		٧	
Agrostis capillaris				1		1					3				Ш	
Vulpia myuros				2							2		2		III	
Agrostis stolonifer	а			2											I	
Bromus hordeace	us			3		3			1		1		2		V	
Quercus robur (se	edling)	)		1											I	
Arenaria serpyllifo	lia			2		2			2						Ш	
Erodium cicutariui	m			2		2					2				Ш	
Chenopodium alb	um			1		1			1				1		IV	
Achillea millefoliur	n			3		2									II	
Silene latifolia				3		1			3		3		3		٧	
Sedum acre						1				Ŷ					I	
Avena fatua						1									I	
Erigeron canaden	sis					2									I	
Urtica dioica						3					2		1		Ш	
Artemisia vulgaris						3					4				II	
Lactuca virosa									2						I	
Arrhenatherum ela	atius								2						I	
Hypochaeris radio	ata								1						I	
Dactylis glomerate	9								2		3		2		Ш	
Taraxacum officina									1				1		II	



Senecio vulgaris				1		1			II
Lolium perenne						2			I
Reseda luteola								2	1
Bare soil/sand	15%	5%	15%		10%		5%		
Leaf litter/ thatch	20%	10%	30%		20%		30%		

Further i	ntormation	required, see	back of sheet

Domin	1: few individuals, 2: several individuals, 3: many individuals, 4: 4-10%, 5: 11-25%, 6: 26-33%, 7: 34-50%,
scale	8: 51-75%, 9: 76-90%, 10: 91-100%
Quadrat	Short herbaceous 2x2m; tall and more open herb communities 4x4m; species poor, very tall herbaceous
sizes	10x10m; linear features such as streams, ditches, verges can use strips e.g 1x4m, 2x8m.
Frequenc	Number of quadrats which the species occurs in, use Roman numerals I to V, where I=20% of quadrats and
У	V=100%.

Descriptive notes: negative indicators species (weeds), shrub/tree cover, management regime, other impacts, limitations

Grassland strip c.20m wide between fields with *Carex arenaria* abundant. No obvious management, potential future shading from trees. Pig field to south.



Photo 10. Acid grassland vegetation dominated by Carex arenaria

Other flora in wider habitat area- accurate typing of vegetation may require information on other flora present but missed by the quadrats

Cynoglossum officinale also present outside of quadrats.

Sunnica Energy Farm Environmental Statement





Project Name	Sunnic	ca D	ate	10/7/19	Rec	orders	MP, CL		Area T8		Т8			Pl re	noto f.	11		Sheet no.		
Broad	Swamp Mire	) [		assland I-herb fe	X n 🗆	Subst		Acid	d cared	2110	X		Condition	n		roved		rod.	_ X	] /
vegetatio n type	Heath		_					Neu	ıtral						Semi-improved Unimproved				(	
	Maritim e	n 🗆	hal	bitat				Not	knov	vn		]			Not	releva	ant			]
Hydrology	Wet Dry	X	Tra	ansitiona	I 🗆	Age/ origin		orig			X		Aspec t	n/a	Slop	e n/a	а	Water Depth	n/a	1
		0.0	1.4					Sen	ni-na			_	^		000			70		
Layers Mea Height	an	0.3	М		m		cm			m m	Habita	at .	Area		200	m	Х	70	m	
Lavers Cov	er	90	%		%		%		_	%	Quad	rat	t/sample	size	2	m	х	2	m	

		,		•				,		_	
Quadrat		1		2		3		1		5	_
Quadrat Grid Reference	TL689	87281	TL6895	7280	TL689	ŀ	TL6893	37268	TL689	1	Frequenc
Species List	%	Domin	%	Domin	%	Domi n	%	Domin	%	Domi n	y (I-V)
Agrostis capillaris		1		2		2		3		4	V
Cynoglossum officinale				1							I
Erodium cicutarium		2		1		2		1		2	V
Holcus lanatus		1		1							II
Cirsium arvense		2									I
Trifolium arvense		4		6		4		5		5	V
Echium vulgare		4		4		4		1		4	V
Jacobaea vulgaris		4		3		3					III
Silene conica (N.S)		2									I
Medicago minima (N.S.)		3				1		3			III
Vulpia ciliata ssp.ambigua (N.S.)		1									I
Arenaria leptoclados		5		4		2					III
Plantago lanceolata		4		2		5		5		5	V
Rumex acetosella		2		4		2				3	IV
Anthoxanthum odoratum		1		5							II
Anisantha diandra		3		2		3					Ш
Hypochaeris radicata		1									I
Crepis capillaris		2		1		1					Ш
Vulpia bromoides		3		4		4		7		3	V
Linaria vulgaris		1						1			II
Anthyllis vulneraria						2					I
Reseda luteola						1		1			II
Pilosella officinalis						3					I
Taraxacum officinale aggregate						2				1	II
Dactylis glomerata						1					I
Galium verum						1		4			II
Trifolium campestre								2			I



Silene latifolia						1		1	II
Geranium molle						1			I
Viola arvensis				1		1			II
Convolvulus arvensis								2	I
Agrostis stolonifera								1	I
Viola x contempta								1	I
Tripleurospermum inordorum								1	1
Hypochaeris glabra (uncommon)								1	1
Bare soil/sand	20%	5%	20%		5%		15%		
Leaf litter/ thatch			2%		10%		5%		

Eurthor	information	roquirod coo	back of sheet
ruruiei	IIIIOIIIIauoii	reduired, See	Dack of Sheet

Domin	1: few individuals, 2: several individuals, 3: many individuals, 4: 4-10%, 5: 11-25%, 6: 26-33%, 7: 34-50%,
scale	8: 51-75%, 9: 76-90%, 10: 91-100%
Quadrat	Short herbaceous 2x2m; tall and more open herb communities 4x4m; species poor, very tall herbaceous
sizes	10x10m; linear features such as streams, ditches, verges can use strips e.g 1x4m, 2x8m.
Frequency	Number of quadrats which the species occurs in, use Roman numerals I to V, where I=20% of quadrats and V=100%.

Species rich acid grassland similar to T6 (County Wildlife Site area to the east). Occasionally cut by tractor mower (seen cutting in June and August). Arable field to west and north. Three Nationally Scarce (N.S) and an 'uncommon' species recorded (Stace, 2020).



Photo 11. Acid grassland vegetation



Project	Sunnic	a Da	ite 1	10/7/19	Rec	orders	MP,	А	rea	T	9			hoto	12		Sheet	
Name							CL						16	ef.			no.	
Broad	Swamp		Gra	ssland	Χ	Subst	rate	Acid			Х	Condition	on	Imp	rove	ed		
vegetation	Mire							Calca	reous	;				Sen	ni-im	nprov	ed	Χ
type	Heath	— • p					Neutral			X		Unir	mpro	oved		Χ		
	Maritime □					Not k	nown					Not	rele	vant				
Hydrology	Wet		Trar	nsitional		Age/		Sown	/recer	nt		Aspect	n/a	Slop	oe r	n/a	Water	n/a
	Dry	Χ				origin		origin			Χ						Depth	
								Semi-	-natur	al								
Layers Mea	an	0.5	М		m		cm		m		Habitat	Area		250	0m2	2		
Height									m									
Layers Cov	er	100	%		%		%		%									

Acid/dune grassland strip similar to T7 so not surveyed in detail, comprising a c.30m wide strip adjacent to Country Wildlife Site (T6) (to the east). Carex arenaria abundant, Jacobaea vulgaris frequent and occasional Anthyllis vulneraria, Cynoglossum officinale, Linaria vulgaria. Scattered planted trees including Pinus sylvestris, Pinus nigra ssp. larico, Crateagus monogyna and Eucalyptus sp. Newly planted hedge. No management is obvious, potential future shading from trees. Arable field (carrots) to west and T8 to the south.



Photo 12. Unmanaged acid/dune grassland vegetation with scattered trees.



Project Name	Sunnic	a D	ate	16/7/19							10 (a,b,	c)			Photo 12,13 ref.			Sheet no.	
Broad vegetation type	Swamp Mire Heath Maritim		Ta Op	assland ll-herb fen ben habita		Subst	rate	Ca Ne	d lcared utral t knov		   X	Cond	ditio	on	Sem Unin	oved i-imp nprov releva	ed	X	
Hydrology	Wet Dry	X X	Tra	ansitional	X	Age/ origin		orig	wn/re gin mi-na		X	Aspe	ect	n/a	Slop	e n/a		Water Depth	0.5m
Layers Mea	an		M		m		cm			mm	Habitat	Area			2.9 h	na set	:-asi	ide fiel	d
Layers Cov	er		%		%		%			%					800r	n ditc	h le	ngth	
Species Lis	st T10a -	– Draiı	า	DAFO	aquatic/emergent					DAFO	κі.	ec ide	ies Lis	t 10c	– set	set- DAFC			
Phragmites	austral	is		D	Ali	sma pla	antag	до-а	quati	са	0	Pe	ersi	caria r	nacul	osa		F	
Eupatorium	cannal	binum		0	Ju	ncus et	fusu	s			F	PI	ant	ago la	nceol	ata		0	
Sonchus ar	Sonchus arvensis					mna tri	sulca	3			inoc			Tripleurospermum inodorum				F	
Agrostis sto	olonifera	1		0	Fil	ipendul	a ulr	nari	а		0	Hy	/po	chaeri	is radi	icata		0	
Arrhenathe	rum ela	tius		0	Eu	patoriu	т са	anna	abinur	n	F	EI	ytri	gia rep	oens			F	
Elytrigia rep	oens			0	Ph	ragmite	es au	ıstra	alis		Α	Capsella bursa-pas			astor	is	s 0		
Melilotus of	fficinalis			R	Op	en wat	er				50%	Cı	ері	is capi	llaris			R	
Calystegia	sepium			0	Sp	ecies L	ist 1	0с -	- set-a	aside		Tr	ifoli	ium du	ıbium			R	
Chenopodi	um albu	ım		R	He	elmintho	othec	a e	chioia	'es	F			zonero nnalis	oides			R	
Galeopsis k	bifida			R	Cr	enopo	dium	alb	um		F	Si	syr	nbriun	offic	inalis		0	
Papaver rh	oeas			R	Sii	napis ai	rvens	sis			0	Ly	col	osis ar	vensi	s		R	
Reseda lute	ea			R	Ag	ırostis s	tolor	nifer	а		0	Αg	gros	stis gig	gantea	э		R	
Papaver so	mniferu	m		R	Tu	ssilago	farfa	ara			0	Le	pic	dium d	idymu	ım		0	
Stachys pa	lustris			0	Polypogon monspeliensis (N.S)						R	Er	ige	ron ca	nade	nsis		F	
Lythrum sa	licaria			0	Sis	symbriu	ım al	tissi	imum		R Festuca		ıca rul	bra			0		
Centaurea debeauxii R					Anisantha diandra				O Fallopia convolvulus					R					
	Hypochaeris glabra							R Artemisia vulgaris			F								
					Ва	rbarea	vulg	aris			R	Ва	are	groun	d			40%	<b>.</b>

DAFOR D= Dominant, A = Abundant, F = Frequent, O = Occasional, R = Rare

Descriptive notes: negative indicators species (weeds), shrub/tree cover, management regime, other impacts, limitations

Notes made on selected habitats in a large open arable and pig rearing area to the north west of the site (Sunnica East). Habitats comprise a drain, with emergent and marginal vegetation and a set-aside field. Note that aquatic macrophytes not surveyed in detail (where present).





Photo 12. Drain with Phragmites australis dominant

Photo 13. Set-aside field

Sunnica Energy Farm Environmental Statement Appendix 8C: Terrestrial Habitats and Flora Report



Project Name	Sunnic a	Dat e	16/7/19	Rec s	order	MP	Area	T11			Photo ref.		14, 15	Sheet no.	
Broad	Swamp	□ Gr	assland	Χ	Subs	trat A	cid		ПΧ	Condition		Imp	roved		
vegetati	Mire	□ Та	II-herb fen		е	С	alcareous	3				Sen	ni-improve	ed	Χ

Broad	Swam	np 🗆	Gras	ssland	Χ	Subst	rat	Acid		$\Box X$	Condit	ion	Impro	ved		
vegetati	Mire		Tall-	herb fei	n 🗆	е		Calcare	ous				Semi-	impro	ved	X
on type	Heath		Ope	n habita	at 🗆			Neutral					Unimp	orove	t	X
	Mariti	m 🗆						Not know	wn				Not re	levan	t	
	е															
Hydrolo	Wet		Tran	sitional		Age/		Sown/re	cent		Aspe	South/we	Slop	0-	Water	n/a
gy	Dry	Χ				origin		origin		X	ct	st	е	10	Depth	
								Semi-na	tural					%		
Layers M	lean	8.0	М	0.3	m		cm		m	Habitat A	Area		0.7			
Height									m				ha			
Layers C	over	50	%	80	%		%		%	Quadrat	sample	size	4	m x	4	m

Quadrat		1		2		3		4		5	
Quadrat Grid Reference	TL708	367219	TL708	327218	TL708	567214	TL708	8172140	TL708 80	76720	Frequen cy (I-V)
Species List	%	Domin	%	Domi n	%	Domin	%	Domin	%	Domi n	Cy (I-V)
Festuca rubra		1		3		3		3		3	V
Scabiosa columbaria		1				2				1	III
Crepis capillaris		3		2		2		1		1	V
Arrhenatherum elatius		5		6		5		5		5	V
Plantago lanceolata		4		4		4		4		3	V
Daucus carota		4		2		3		2		2	V
Linaria vulgaris		3		3		1				4	IV
Achillea millefolium		2		1						2	Ш
Dactylis glomerata		4		3		3		4		5	V
Pilosella officinarum		1									I
Glechoma hederacea										2	I
Bromus hordeaceus		4		2		3		1		3	V
Trifolium campestre		3		2		3					III
Phleum bertolonii		4		1		2				3	IV
Jacobaea vulgaris		3		1		1		1			IV
Vicia sativa sub-species nigra		1				1					II
Deschampsia cespitosa		1									I
Pastinaca sativa		2		1		2		2			IV
Rubus fruticosa aggregate		5		1						1	III
Cirsium arvense				4		1		3		1	IV
Cornus sp. (seedling)				1							I
Carduus crispus				1				1		1	III
Cynoglossum officinale				1				1			II
Rosa species (seedling)				1		1				1	III
Torilis japonica				1		2					II
Hypochaeris radicata				1		·					I



		1	¥		·		·	·		,	l	1
Aninsanth	a sterilis				2		3					II
Agrimonia	a eupatoria						3					1
Helmintho echioides							2		1			II
Geranium	columbinum						2		1			II
Erigeron d	canadensis						1					I
Erigeron a	acer						1					I
Centaurea	a scabiosa								2			I
Galium ve	erum								2			I
Holcus lai	natus						1		1		2	Ш
Agrostis s	tolonifera		3		2							II
Trisetum t	flavescens								1			I
Convolvui	lus arvensis								1			I
Inula cony	/za										1	I
Bare soil/s	sand	20%		5%		10%		7%		5%		
Leaf litter/	thatch	10%		20%		20%		40%		40%		
Domin scale	1: few individua 51-75%, 9: 76-9				s, 3: ma	ny indivi	duals, 4:	4-10%	, 5: 11-25%,	6: 26-33	3%, 7: 3	4-50%, 8:
Quadrat sizes	Short herbaced 10x10m; linear				•				•	•	ll herba	ceous
Frequen cy	Number of qua	drats w	hich the	species	occurs	in, use F	Roman n	umerals	I to V, where	e I=20%	of qua	drats and

A small area of semi-improved to unimproved species calcareous grassland within a wider area of species poor semi-improved grassland and scrub. A diverse range of species (38 within the quadrats), including red fescue, smooth hawk's-beard, small scabious *Scabiosa columbaria*, false oat-grass, ribwort plantain, wild carrot, cock's-foot and soft brome. Other localised calcareous indicators in small numbers include welted thistle *Carduus crispus* and ploughman's-spikenard *Inula conyza*. No sign of recent management, with some vehicle access causing disturbance across the site and some spray drift along the edges. Bramble *Rubus fruticosa* aggregate scrub encroachment and frequent creeping thistle *Cirsium arvense* and common ragwort. Large arable field to west.



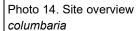




Photo 15. Close-up of vegetation with Scabiosa



Project Name	Sunnic	a Da	ate	16/7/19	Rec	orders	MP, CL	Aı	rea	Т	12		Ph ref		16	She	et
Broad vegetation type	Swamp Mire Heath Maritim		Tall	ssland -herb fer en habita		Subst	rate	Acid Calca Neutr	al		X X □	Conditi	on	Unim	oved i-impro iproved elevan	t	П Х П
Hydrology	Wet Dry	X	Tra	nsitional		Age/ origin		Sown origin Semi-			X X	Aspect	N	Slope	5%	Wate Dep	
Layers Mea	an	0.6	М		m		cm		n	nm	Habitat	Area		15	m x	500	m
Layers Cov	er	100	%		%		%		%	ó							
Species Lis				DAFC	R												
Holcus lana	lcus lanatus																
Agrostis sto	rostis stolonifera																
Arrhenathe	lcus lanatus rostis stolonifera henatherum elatius noglossum officinale																
Cynoglossu	yers Cover 100 ecies List lcus lanatus rostis stolonifera rhenatherum elatius noglossum officinale rduus nutans enopodium album rsium arvense folium arvense																
Carduus nu	ıtans		R														
Chenopodia	ight vers Cover 100 ecies List lcus lanatus rostis stolonifera thenatherum elatius noglossum officinale rduus nutans enopodium album sium arvense																
Cirsium arv	ense		R														
Trifolium ar	cus lanatus rostis stolonifera henatherum elatius noglossum officinale rduus nutans enopodium album sium arvense olium arvense																
Papaver rh	oeas			R													
Achillea mil	llefolium	1		0													
Echium vul	gare			0													
Artemisia v	ulgaris			F													
Descurainia	a sophia	1		0													
Nepeta cata species)	<i>aria</i> (an	uncom	ımon	R													
Agrostis ca	pillaris			0													
DAFOR D	= Domir	nant, A	= Ab	undant,	F = Fre	equent,	0 =	Occas	siona	ıl, F	R = Rare						

# Descriptive notes: negative indicators species (weeds), shrub/tree cover, management regime, other impacts, limitations

Semi-improved field margin strip 10-20m wide between woodland and arable field. Light acidic sandy soil with some calcareous influence. No management is obvious. Shading from pine plantation to the south. Arable field (sweetcorn) to north. One 'uncommon' species (Stace, 2020) *Nepeta cataria* is present along access track.



Photo 16. Set-aside grassland vegetation.

Sunnica Energy Farm Environmental Statement Appendix 8C: Terrestrial Habitats and Flora Report



Project	Sunnic	a Da	ate	14/5/20	Rec	orders	MP	Ar	ea	Т	13		PI	hoto	17,18	Sheet	
Name													re	f.		no.	
Broad	Swamp		Gra	ssland	Χ	Subst	rate	Acid			Х	Condition	on	Impr	oved		
vegetation	Mire		Tall	-herb fen				Calca	reous	S				Sem	i-impro	ved	Χ
type	Heath		Оре	en habitat				Neutra	al					Unim	proved	l	Χ
	Maritim	e □						Not kr	nown					Not r	elevan	t	
Hydrology	Wet		Tra	nsitional		Age/		Sown	rece/	nt	Х	Aspect	Ν	Slop	e N	Water	n/a
	Dry	Χ				origin		origin			Χ			-		Depth	
								Semi-	natuı	ral							
Layers Mea	an	0.1	m		m	•	cm		m	m	Habitat	Area		25	m x	200	m
Height																	
Lavers Cov	er	70	%		%		%		%		Quadra	t/sample	size	2	m x	2	М

Layers Cover	70	%		%		%	%	Quad	rat/sam	ple size	2	m x	2 M
Quadrat				1		2		3		4		5	
Quadrat Grid Refe	erence		TL689	87281	TL689	57280	TL689	47274	TL689	37268	TL689	77250	Frequency
Species List			%	Domin	%	Domin	%	Domin	%	Domin	%	Domin	(I-V)
Agrostis capillaris				5		6		6		4		4	V
Sedum acre				3		3		3		2		2	V
Erodium cicutariui	m			2		1		1		2		1	V
Holcus lanatus				2		1		2		2		2	V
Poa pratense				3		2							II
Trifolium arvense				2				3		2		2	IV
Echium vulgare				4		4		4		2		2	V
Cerastium semide	candrui	m		4		2		2					
Medicago minima						2		1		1			
Arenaria leptoclad	los							1				1	II
Plantago lanceola	ta			4		4		4		5		5	V
Rumex acetosella	1			2		2		3		3		2	V
Anisantha sterilis				4		4				4			III
Pilosella officinalis	3									4			I
Cerastium glomer	ata							1					I
Reseda lutea								2					I
Vulpia bromoides												1	I
Vicia lathyroides								2					I
Achillea millefoliur	n					1		3		3		3	IV
Dactylis glomerata	э									1			I
Bromus hordeace	us									1			I
Hypnum cupressin	forme									2		3	II
Anthoxanthum od	oratum											3	I
Anisantha diandra	ì											1	I
Silene latifolia						1							I
Geranium molle										1			I
Festuca rubra agg	7					2							I
Convolvulus arvei	nsis					1		2		2		1	IV
Brachythesium all	bicans			4		3		3		2			IV
Hypochaeris glabi (uncommon)	ra			1									I



Koeleria ma	acrantha								1		2	II	
Bare soil/sa	and	30%		30%		15%		40%		45%			
Leaf litter/ t	hatch	2%		2%		5%		4%		2%			
Domin scale	1: few individuals, 2: several individuals, 3: many individuals, 4: 4-10%, 5: 11-25%, 6: 26-33%, 7: 34-50%, 8: 51-75%, 9: 76-90%, 10: 91-100%												
Quadrat sizes	Short herbaceous 10x10m; linear fea											baceous	
Frequency	Number of quadra	ts which	the spe	cies oc	curs in,	use Roi	man nur	nerals I	to V, wh	nere I=2	20% of q	uadrats	

A grassland strip with a similar species composition and community type as T6 and T8. Previously cut, probably similar to T8 by tractor mower. Pig field to west and woodland to east.





Photo 17. Site overview

Photo 18. Close up of vegetation



Project	Sunnic	a Da	ate	16/7/19	Rec	orders	MP	Α	rea	Т	14		Р	hoto	19,	,20	Sheet	
Name													re	ef.			no.	
Broad	Swamp		Gra	assland	Χ	Subst	rate	Acid			□X	Condition	on	Imp	rove	ed		
vegetation	Mire		Tall	-herb fen				Calca	areous	3				Sen	ni-im	nprov	ed	
type	Heath		Op	en habitat				Neutr	al					Unir	npro	oved		Χ
	Maritim	е 🗆						Not k	nown					Not	rele	evant		
Hydrology	Wet		Tra	nsitional		Age/		Sown	/rece	nt	□X	Aspect	n/a	Slop	e	10%	Water	n/a
	Dry	Χ				origin		origin	ı								Depth	
								Semi	-natur	al								
Layers Mea	an	0.3	М		m		cm		mı	m	Habitat A	Area		20	ı	m x	500	m
Height																		
Layers Cov	er	90	%		%		%		%									

Species List	DAFOR	Species List	DAFOR	
Origanum vulgare	Α	Reseda luteola	R	
Plantago lanceolata	F	Campanula glomerata	0	
Galium verum	F	Rubus fruticosa aggregate	F-LA	
Centaurea scabiosa	0	Achillea millefolium	F	
Daucus carota	F	Anisantha sterilis	0	
Arrhenatherum elatius	А	Arenaria serpyllifolia	R	
Dactylis glomerata	F	Malva sylvestris	0	
Bromus hordeaceus	0	Medicago sativa ssp. falcata (N.S)	0	
Silene latifolia	0	Medicago sativa nothosubspeciesvaria (N.S)	R	
Leucanthemum vulgare	0	Clinopodium acinos (uncommon)	0	
Lotus corniculatus	0	Filipendula vulgaris	R	
Anthriscus sylvestris	0	Silene vulgaris	R	
Scabiosa columbaria	O-F	Potentilla sanguisorba	R	
Hypericum calycinum	LA	Campanula rotundifolia	R	
Bare ground	5%			
DAFOR D= Dominant, A =	Abundant,	F = Frequent, O = Occasional, R = Rare (L= Loc	cally)	

Tall unmanaged grassland and tall ruderal herbs with calcareous influences around an irrigation reservoir, surrounded by arable fields. Higher species diversity on the exposed top of the banks, including two National Scarce (N.S) *Medicago sativa ssp. falcata* and *Medicago sativa notho* subspecies *varia* and an uncommon species wild basil *Clinopodium acinos* (Stace, 2020).





Photo 19. Site overview

Photo 20. Close up of vegetation



Project	Sunnic	a Da	ite :	31/7/19	Rec	orders	MP	Ar	ea	T1	15		Р	hoto	21		Sheet	
Name													re	ef.			no.	
Broad	Swamp		Gra	assland	Χ	Subst	rate	Acid				Condition	on	Imp	rove	t		
vegetation	Mire		Tall	l-herb fen				Calcar	eous					Sen	ni-imp	orov	ed	Χ
type	Heath		Op	en habita	t 🗆			Neutra	ıl		Χ			Unir	npro	ved		
	Maritim	e 🗆						Not kn	own					Not	relev	ant		
Hydrology	Wet		Tra	nsitional		Age/		Sown/	recer	nt	X	Aspect	n/a	Slop	e 0		Water	n/a
	Dry	Χ				origin		origin			Χ						Depth	
								Semi-r	natura	al								
Layers Mea	ın	0.5	М	0.2	m		cm		mr	n	Habitat	Area		5	m	х	100	m
Height																		
Layers Cov	er	50	%	20	%	·	%		%									

Species List	DAFOR	Species List	DAFOR		
Verbascum nigrum	R	Achillea millefolium	F		
Conium maculatum	0	Anisantha diandra	0		
Arrhenatherum elatius	0	Echium vulgare	F		
Dactylis glomerata	F	Vulpia myuros	0		
Geranium pyrenaicum	0	Geranium mole	0		
Silene latifolia	R	Bromus hordeaceus	0		
Trifolium dubium	0	Filago germanica	LF		
Scorzoneroides autumnalis	0				
Bare ground	30%				
DAFOR D= Dominant, A	. = Abunda	int, F = Frequent, O = Occasional, R =	= Rare (L= L	ocally)	

Descriptive notes: negative indicators species (weeds), shrub/tree cover, management regime, other impacts, limitations

Short perennial/ephemeral and unmanaged semi-improved grassland along track. Arable wheat field to south and hedge/plantation woodland to north.



Photo 21. Site overview with Filago germanica in foreground